

## STATUTORY UPDATES

### GOODS & SERVICES TAX (GST)

#### SUPPLY

#### Scope of supply (Section 7 of CGST Act, 2017)

| As per Section 7(1) <b>Supply includes</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | As per Section 7(2) <b>Supply excludes</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
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| <p>(a) all forms of supply of goods or services or both such as sale, transfer, barter, exchange, licence, rental, lease or disposal made or agreed to be made for a consideration by a person in the course or furtherance of business;</p> <p>(b) import of services for a consideration whether or not in the course or furtherance of business; ('and' <b>w.e.f. 29th Aug 2018 inserted retrospectively from 1.7.2017</b>)</p> <p>(c) the activities specified in <b>Schedule I</b>, made or agreed to be made without a consideration; (<b>w.e.f. 29th Aug 2018 'and' omitted retrospectively from 1.7.2017</b>)</p> <p>(d) <b>w.e.f. 29th Aug 2018, omitted retrospectively from 1.7.2017</b>: the activities to be treated as supply of goods or supply of services as referred to in <b>Schedule II</b>.<br/><b>w.e.f. 29th Aug 2018, applicable retrospectively from 1.7.2017</b></p> <p><b>(1A)</b> where certain activities or transactions constitute a supply in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1), they shall be treated either as supply of goods or supply of services as referred to in Schedule II."</p> | <p>(a) activities or transactions specified in <b>Schedule III</b>; or</p> <p>(b) such activities or transactions undertaken by the Central Government, a State Government or (<b>Union territory w.e.f. 27th June 2018</b>) any local authority in which they are engaged as public authorities, as may be notified by the Government on the recommendations of the Council,</p> <p><b>Note: Activities specified in Schedule III (i.e. Negative list):</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Services by employee to employer in the course of or in relation to his employment.</li><li>2. Services by court or Tribunal</li><li>3. Services by Member of Parliament and others</li><li>4. Services by funeral, burial etc.</li><li>5. Sale of land/Building</li><li>6. Actionable claim other than lottery, betting and gambling.</li></ol> <p><b>w.e.f. 1-2-2019:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>7. Supply of goods from a place in the non-taxable territory to another place in the non-taxable territory without such goods entering into India.</li><li>8. (a) Supply of warehoused goods to any person before clearance for home consumption;<br/>(b) Supply of goods by the consignee to any other person, by endorsement of documents of title to the goods, after the goods have been dispatched from the port of origin located outside India but before</li></ol> |

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clearance for home consumption.”;  
Explanation 1: For the purpose of paragraph 2, the term “court” includes District Court, High Court and Supreme Court.  
Explanation 2: For the purpose of this paragraph, the expression “warehoused goods” shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in the Customs Act, 1962

As per Section 7(3) Subject to the provisions of sub-sections (1), (1A) and (2), the Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, specify, by notification, the transactions that are to be treated as—  
(a) a supply of goods and not as a supply of services; or  
(b) a supply of services and not as a supply of goods.

## **w.e.f. 1-10-2019: Alcoholic liquor licence – Grant thereof not to treated as supply of goods/services:**

As per section 7(2) of CGST Act, 2017 Central Govt. of India on the recommendation of the GST Council notifies that the following activities or transaction under taken by the State Governments in which they are engaged as public authorities, shall be treated neither as a supply of goods nor a supply of service namely:-

**“services by way of grant of alcoholic liquor licence, against consideration in the form of licence fee or application fee or by whatever name it is called”**

**Section 7(1)(c) of the CGST Act, 2017 the activities specified in Schedule I, made or agreed to be made without a consideration:**

### **SCHEDULE I**

#### ACTIVITIES TO BE TREATED AS SUPPLY EVEN IF MADE WITHOUT CONSIDERATION

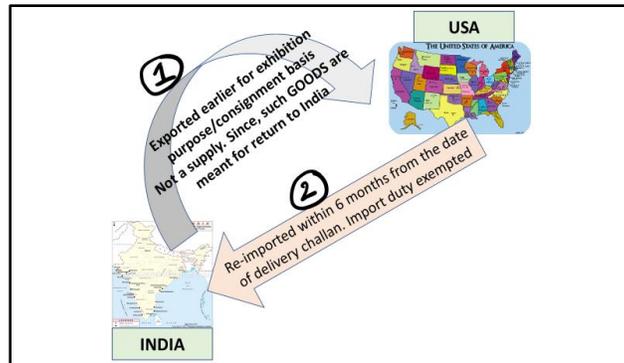
1. Permanent transfer or disposal of business assets where input tax credit has been availed on such assets.
2. Supply of goods or services or both between related persons or between distinct persons as specified in section 25, when made in the course or furtherance of business:  
Provided that gifts not exceeding ₹50,000/- in value in a financial year by an employer to an employee shall not be treated as supply of goods or services or both.
3. Supply of goods—
  - (a) by a principal to his agent where the agent undertakes to supply such goods on behalf of the principal; or
  - (b) by an agent to his principal where the agent undertakes to receive such goods on behalf of the principal.

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4. Import of services by a taxable person (**w.e.f. 1-2-2019 the term taxable omitted**) from a related person or from any of his other establishments outside India, in the course or furtherance of business.

## Goods sent/ taken out of India for exhibition or on consignment basis for export promotion

[Circular No. 108/27/2019 GST dated 18.07.2019]



**Goods sent to related person or distinct person or to principal or agents for participation in exhibition which are going to return to India is not a supply.**

As per section 7 of the CGST Act, for any activity or transaction to be considered a supply, it must satisfy twin tests namely-

- (i) it should be for a consideration by a person; and
- (ii) it should be in the course or furtherance of business.

The exceptions to the above are the activities enumerated in Schedule I of the CGST Act which are treated as supply even if made without consideration. Further, sub-section (21) of section 2 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (hereinafter referred to as the "IGST Act") defines "supply", wherein it is clearly stated that it shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in section 7 of the CGST Act.

Section 16 of the IGST Act deals with "Zero rated supply". The provisions contained in the said section read as under:

Sec 16 (1) of IGST Act, "zero rated supply" means any of the following supplies of goods or services or both, namely:—

- (a) export of goods or services or both; or
- (b) supply of goods or services or both to a Special Economic Zone developer or a Special Economic Zone unit.

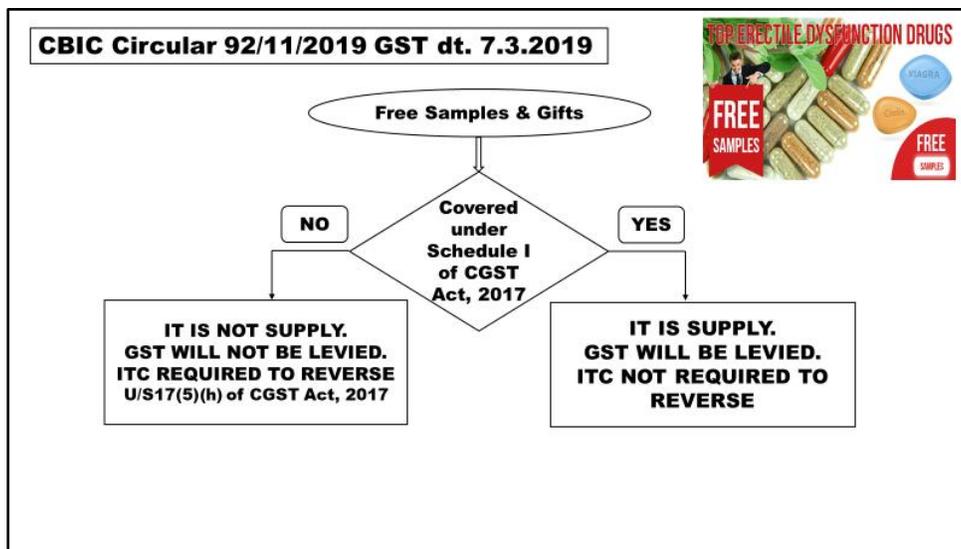
Therefore, it can be concluded that only such "supplies" which are either "export" or are "supply to SEZ unit / developer" would qualify as zero-rated supply.

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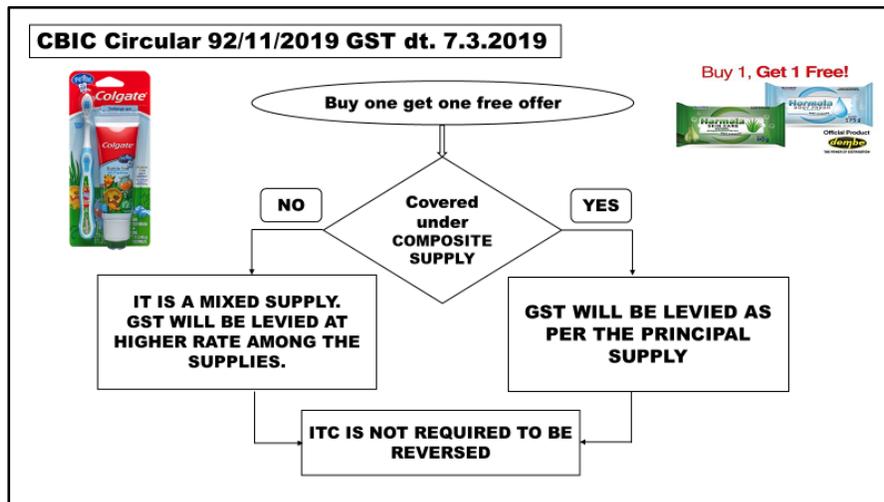
It is, accordingly, clarified that the activity of sending / taking the goods out of India for exhibition or on consignment basis for export promotion, except when such activity satisfy the tests laid down in Schedule I of the CGST Act (hereinafter referred to as the "specified goods"), do not constitute supply as the said activity does not fall within the scope of section 7 of the CGST Act as there is no consideration at that point in time. Since such activity is not a supply, the same cannot be considered as "Zero rated supply" as per the provisions contained in section 16 of the IGST Act.

## COMPOSITE AND MIXED SUPPLIES

### Free Samples & Gifts:



### Buy one get one free offer



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## LEVY AND COLLECTION

| CGST Act, 2017                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | IGST Act, 2017                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
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| <p>Section 9(4): supply by a <b>not registered person, to a registered person, reverse charge</b> applicable.</p> <p>Reverse charge provisions would not be applicable if the aggregate value of such supplies of goods or services or both received by a taxable person from any or all the suppliers, who are not registered, does not exceeds ₹5,000 in a day.</p> <p><b>This Section 9(4) of the CGST Act, 2017 has been suspended till 30<sup>th</sup> September 2019 (22/2018-Central Tax (Rate), dated 06-08-2018).</b></p> <p><b><u>Notification to exempt tax on goods or services received from Unregistered person rescinded w.e.f. 1-2019.</u></b></p> <p><b>w.e.f. 1-2-2019:</b></p> <p>Section 9(4) of the CGST Act, 2017, The Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, specify a class of registered persons who shall, in respect of supply of specified categories of goods or services or both received from an unregistered supplier, pay the tax on reverse charge basis as the recipient of such supply of goods or services or both, and all the provisions of this Act shall apply to such recipient as if he is the person liable for paying the tax in relation to such supply of goods or services or both".</p> | <p>Section 5(4): supply by a <b>not registered person, to a registered person, reverse charge</b> applicable.</p> <p>Reverse charge provisions would not be applicable if the aggregate value of such supplies of goods or services or both received by a taxable person from any or all the suppliers, who are not registered, does not exceeds ₹5,000 in a day.</p> <p><b>This Section 9(4) of the CGST Act, 2017 has been suspended till 30<sup>th</sup> September 2019 (22/2018-Central Tax (Rate), dated 06-08-2018).</b></p> <p><b><u>Notification to exempt tax on goods or services received from Unregistered person rescinded w.e.f. 1-2019.</u></b></p> <p><b>w.e.f. 1-2-2019:</b></p> <p>Section 5(4) of the IGST Act, 2017, The Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, specify a class of registered persons who shall, in respect of supply of specified categories of goods or services or both received from an unregistered supplier, pay the tax on reverse charge basis as the recipient of such supply of goods or services or both, and all the provisions of this Act shall apply to such recipient as if he is the person liable for paying the tax in relation to such supply of goods or services or both".</p> |

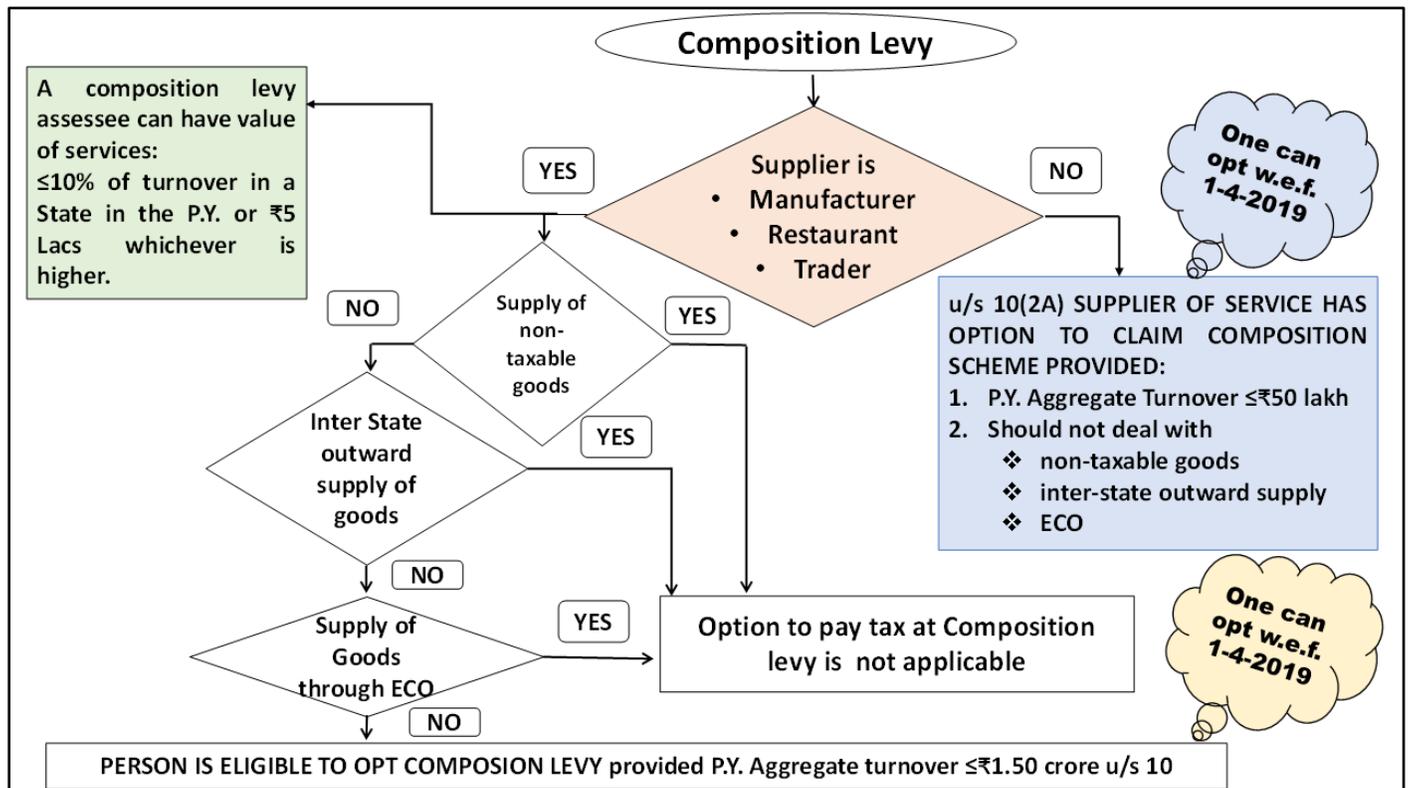
### **Notified services taken from unregistered person liable to tax on reverse charge basis w.e.f. 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2019**

The Central Government vide Notification No. 07/2019-Central Tax(R), dated 29th March 2019 has notified that the registered person specified below shall in respect of supply of specified goods or services or both received from an unregistered supplier shall pay tax on reverse charge basis as recipient of such goods or services

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| Sl. No. | Category of supply of goods and services                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Recipient of goods and services |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1.      | Supply of such goods and services or both other than services by way of grant of development rights, long term lease of land or FSI which constitute the shortfall from the minimum value of goods or services or both required to be purchased by a promoter for construction of project, in a financial year.                                                                                                    | Promoter                        |
| 2.      | Cement falling in chapter heading 2523 in the first schedule to the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 (51 of 1975) which constitute the shortfall from the minimum value of goods or services or both required to be purchased by a promoter for construction of project, in a financial year (or part of the financial year till the date of issuance of completion certificate or first occupation, whichever is earlier) | Promoter                        |
| 3.      | Capital goods falling under any chapter in the first schedule to the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 (51 of 1975) supplied to a promoter for construction of a project                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Promoter                        |

## COMPOSITION LEVY



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The Central Government vide Notification No. 14/2019 – Central Tax dated 07<sup>th</sup> March, 2019 notified that an eligible registered person, whose aggregate turnover in the preceding financial year **did not exceed ₹ 1.5 Crores**, may opt to pay tax under Composition scheme. However, the said aggregate turnover shall be **₹ 75 lakh** in case of persons registered under following States:-

1. Arunachal Pradesh
2. Manipur
3. Meghalaya
4. Mizoram
5. Nagaland
6. Sikkim
7. Tripura
8. Uttarakhand

Manufacture of goods as notified u/s 10(2)(e) of the CGST Act, 2017 during the preceding financial year shall not be eligible to opt for composition levy under clause (e) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the said Act if such person is a manufacturer of the following goods:

| S. No. | Tariff item, sub-heading, or heading or Chapter                                                   | Description                                                      |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1      | 2105 00 00<br> | Ice cream and other edible ice, whether or not containing cocoa. |
| 2      | 2106 90 20<br> | Pan masala                                                       |
| 3      | 24<br>         | All goods, i.e. Tobacco and manufactured tobacco substitutes     |

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| S. No. | Tariff item, sub-heading, or heading or Chapter                                                 | Description                       |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 4      | 2202 10 10<br> | w.e.f. 1-10-2019<br>AERATED WATER |

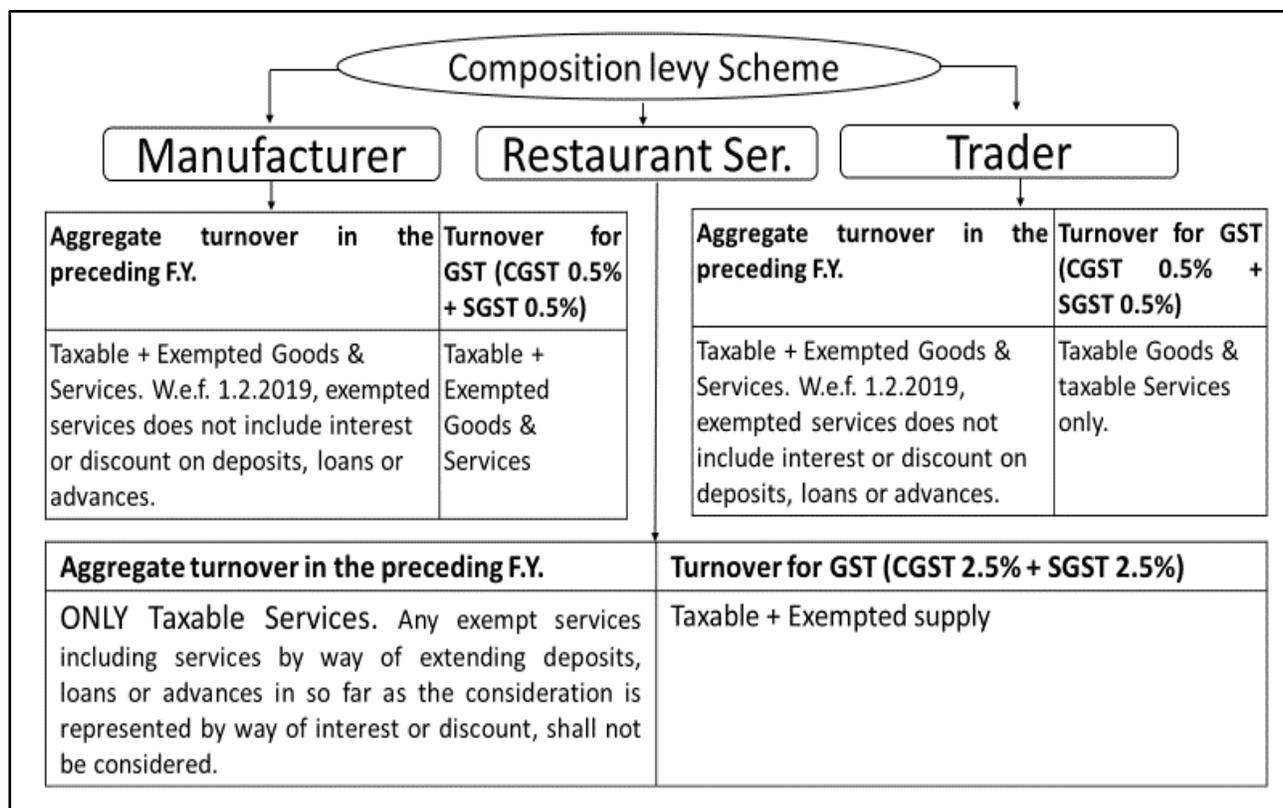
As per Notification No. 2/2019 CT(R) dated 07.03.2019, a registered person making supplies of the above goods is also not eligible to pay concessional tax under the said notification.

Thus, now a manufacturer of aerated water (Tariff item 2202 1010) will also not be eligible to opt for composition scheme. Likewise, a supplier of aerated water (Tariff item 2202 1010) will also not be eligible to pay concessional tax under Notification No. 2/2019CT(R) dated 07.03.2019.

[Notification No. 43/2019 CT dated 30.09.2019 & Notification No. 18/2019 CT(R) dated 30.09.2019]

## Payment of GST under Composition Scheme:

### Simplified Approach:



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## Composition scheme for supplier of services with a tax rate of CGST 3% and SGST 3% w.e.f April 1, 2019:

The Central Government vide *Notification No. 2/2019-Central Tax (Rate) dated 07<sup>th</sup>March, 2019* notified Composition scheme in case of **intra-State supply** of goods or services or both, at the rate along with the conditions specified below:

### Description of supply:

First supplies of goods or services or both upto an aggregate turnover of ₹50 lakhs made on or after the 1st day of April in any financial year, by a registered person

### Conditions

1. Supplies are made by a registered person, -
  - (i) whose aggregate turnover in the preceding financial year was ₹50 lakh or below;
  - (ii) who is **not eligible** to pay tax under sub-section (1) of section 10;
  - (iii) who is **not engaged** in making any supply which is **not leviable to tax**;
  - (iv) who is **not engaged** in making any **inter-State** outward supply;
  - (v) who is neither a casual taxable person nor a non-resident taxable person;
  - (vi) who is not engaged in making any supply through an electronic commerce operator who is required to collect tax at source under section 52; and
  - (vii) who is not engaged in making supplies of:
    - (a) Ice cream and other edible ice, whether or not containing cocoa.
    - (b) Pan masala
    - (c) Tobacco and manufactured tobacco substitutes
2. Where more than one registered persons are having same PAN, central tax on supplies by all such registered persons is paid at the given rate.
3. The registered person **shall not collect any tax** from the recipient nor shall he be entitled to any credit of input tax.
4. The registered person shall issue, instead of tax invoice, a bill of supply.
5. The registered person shall mention the following words at the top of the bill of supply, namely: -  
'Taxable person paying tax in terms of Notification No. 2/2019-Central Tax (Rate) dated 07.03.2019, not eligible to collect tax on supplies'.
6. Liability to pay central tax at the rate of 3% on all outward supplies **notwithstanding any other notification issued** under section 9 or section 11 of said Act.
7. Liability **to pay central tax on inward supplies** on reverse charge under sub-section (3) or sub-section (4) of section 9 of said Act.

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## Conditions

**Explanation:** For the purposes of this notification, the expression “first supplies of goods or services or both” shall, for the purposes of determining eligibility of a person to pay tax under this notification, include the supplies from the first day of April of a financial year to the date from which he becomes liable for registration under the said Act but for the purpose of determination of tax payable under this notification shall not include the supplies from the first day of April of a financial year to the date from which he becomes liable for registration under the Act.

It may be noted that while computing aggregate turnover in order to determine eligibility of a registered person to pay central tax at the rate of 3%, value of supply of exempt services by way of extending deposits, loans or advances in so far as the consideration is represented by way of interest or discount, shall not be taken into account.

### **Amendment in scheme for supplier of services with a tax rate of 6%:**

The Central Government vide Notification No. 9/2019-Central Tax (R) dated 29th March, 2019 has made following amendments in the Composition scheme in case of intra-State supply of goods or services or both:

- One more condition to avail the scheme has been provided where any registered person who has availed of input tax credit opts to pay tax under this notification, he shall pay an amount, by way of debit in the electronic credit or cash ledger, equivalent to the credit of ITC in respect of inputs held in stock and inputs contained in semi-finished or finished goods in stock and on capital goods as if the supply made under this notification attracts the provisions of section 18(4) of the Act and the rules made there-under and after payment of such amount, the balance of input tax credit, if any, lying in his electronic credit ledger shall lapse.

Further explanation has been inserted to provide that the Central Goods and Services Tax Rules, 2017, as applicable to a person paying tax under section 10 of the said Act shall, mutatis mutandis, apply to a person paying tax under this notification.

### **Various Forms for Composition levy assessee:**

The amended rule 62 whose heading has been changed to “Form and manner of submission of statement and return” provides as under:

- (i) Every registered person paying tax under section 10 or paying tax by availing the benefit of Notification No. 02/2019 CT (R) dated 07.03.2019 shall electronically furnish-
  - (a) a statement in the prescribed form (GST CMP-08) containing details of payment of self-assessed tax, for every quarter (or part of the quarter), by 18<sup>th</sup> day of the month succeeding such quarter; and

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(b) a return (GSTR 4) for every financial year (or part of the financial year), on or before 30<sup>th</sup> day of April following the end of such financial year.

- (ii) Every registered person furnishing the statement under sub-rule (1) shall discharge his liability towards tax or interest payable by debiting the electronic cash ledger.
- (iii) The return furnished under sub-rule (1) shall include the - (a) invoice wise inter- State and intra-State inward supplies received from registered and un- registered persons; and (b) consolidated details of outward supplies made.
- (iv) A registered person who has opted to pay tax under section 10 or by availing the benefit of Notification No. 02/2019 CT(R) dated 07.03.2019 from the beginning of a financial year shall, where required, furnish the details of outward and inward supplies and return under rules 59, 60 and 61 relating to the period during which the person was liable to furnish such details and returns till the due date of furnishing the return for the month of September of the succeeding financial year or furnishing of annual return of the preceding financial year, whichever is earlier.

Here, the person shall not be eligible to avail ITC on receipt of invoices or debit notes from the supplier for the period prior to his opting for the composition scheme or paying tax by availing the benefit of Notification No. 02/2019CT (R) dated 07.03.2019.

- (v) A registered person opting to withdraw from the composition scheme at his own motion or where option is withdrawn at the instance of the proper officer shall, where required, furnish a statement in the prescribed form for the period for which he has paid tax under the composition scheme till the 18<sup>th</sup> day of the month succeeding the quarter in which the date of withdrawal falls and furnish GSTR 4 for the said period till the 30<sup>th</sup> day of April following the end of the financial year during which such withdrawal falls.
- (vi) A registered person who ceases to avail the benefit of Notification No. 02/2019 CT (R) dated 7.03.2019, shall, where required, furnish a statement in the prescribed form for the period for which he has paid tax by availing the benefit under the said notification till the 18<sup>th</sup> day of the month succeeding the quarter in which the date of cessation takes place and furnish GSTR 4 for the said period till the 30<sup>th</sup> day of April following the end of the financial year during which such cessation happens.

[Notification No. 20/2019 CT dated 23.04.2019]

## EXEMPTIONS

### Explanation in such notification or order:

As per section 11(3) of the CGST Act, 2017 or section 6(3) of the IGST Act, 2017, Government is empowered to clarify the scope of applicability of any notification or special order by inserting an explanation in such notification or order. Such clarification shall only be issued by notification within ONE year of issuing of notification or special order and every such explanation shall have effect as if it had always been the part of the first such notification or order, as the case may be.

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**Example:** Assume a notification issued on 28th June 2017 may specify that it will be effective from 1st July 2017. In such case an explanation is inserted (i.e. subsequently) within one year reckoned from 1st July 2017 but not from 28th June 2017. If so such an explanation is effective from 1st July 2017.

**Sec. 11(3) of CGST Act, 2017[Circular No. 120/39/2019 GST dated 11.10.2019]:**

Section 11(3) of CGST Act provides that the Government may insert an explanation in any notification issued under section 11, for the purpose of clarifying its scope or applicability, at any time within 1 year of issue of the notification and every such explanation shall have effect as if it had always been the part of the first such notification.

It is hereby clarified that the explanation having been inserted under section 11(3) of the CGST Act, is effective from the inception of the entry in notification and not from the date from which the notification (that inserted said explanation) becomes effective.

**Example:** the principal Notification No. 11/2017 CT (R) dated 28.06.2017 came into force with effect from 1.07.2017. Thereafter, a new entry - Entry no. 10(A) is inserted w.e.f. 21.09.2017. Subsequently, an explanation is also inserted with respect to entry no. 10(A) on 26.07.2018. Although the effective date mentioned in the notification which inserted said explanation is 27.07.2018, said explanation will be effective from the inception of entry in notification i.e. 21.09.2017 and not 27.07.2018.

**The following services are exempted from GST:**

| S. No. | Exempted services                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
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|        | Notification No. 12/2017-Central Tax (Rate), dated 28-06-2017)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 7      | Services provided by the Central Government, State Government, Union territory or local authority to a business entity with an aggregate turnover of upto ₹20 lakh (₹10 lakh in case of a special category state) in the preceding financial year.<br>Explanation: For the purposes of this entry, it is hereby clarified that the provisions of this entry shall not be applicable to—<br>(a) services,—<br>(i) by the Department of Posts by way of speed post, express parcel post, life insurance, and agency services provided to a person other than the Central Government, State Government, Union territory;<br>(ii) in relation to an aircraft or a vessel, inside or outside the precincts of a port or an airport;<br>(iii) of transport of goods or passengers; and<br>(b) services by way of renting of immovable property. |

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|        | <p><b>w.e.f. 1-10-2019:</b></p> <p>Services provided by the Central Government, State Government, Union territory or local authority to a business entity with an aggregate turnover of up to "such amount in the preceding financial year as makes it eligible for exemption from registration under the <b>Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017</b> (12 of 2017)" is exempt.</p> <p>Earlier the turnover was specified as "twenty lakh rupees (ten lakh rupees in case of a special category state) in the preceding financial year" which has now been rationalised.</p> |
| 9AA    | <p><b>w.e.f. 1-10-2019:</b></p> <p><b>services provided by and to Federation International de Football Association (FIFA) and its subsidiaries directly or indirectly related to any of the event under FIFA U-17 Women's World Cup 2020 to be hosted in India is exempted from GST.</b></p> <p>Provided that Director (Sports), Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports certifies that the services are directly or indirectly related to any of the events under FIFA U-17 World Cup 2020.</p>                                                                                   |
| 14     | <p>Services by a hotel, inn, guest house, club or campsite, by whatever name called, for residential or lodging purposes, having declared tariff of a unit of accommodation below ₹1,000 per day or equivalent.</p> <p><b>w.e.f. 1-10-2019 clarification given by Govt. of India:</b></p> <p>Amendment has been brought under S. No. 14 of Services exemption notification to clarify that services by way of residential or lodging purposes, having value of supply of a unit of accommodation below or upto one thousand rupees per day is exempt.</p>                       |
| 19A    | <p>w.e.f. 25.1.2018, Services by way of transportation of goods by an aircraft from customs station of clearance in India to a place outside India.</p> <p>This exemption granted only till 30th September 2018.</p> <p>Now extended upto 30th September 2019.</p> <p><b>w.e.f. 1-10-2019 this exemption further extended upto September 2020</b></p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 19B    | <p>w.e.f. 25.1.2018, Services by way of transportation of goods by a vessel from customs station of clearance in India to a place outside India.</p> <p>This exemption granted only till 30th September 2018</p> <p>Now extended upto 30th September 2019.</p> <p><b>w.e.f. 1-10-2019 this exemption further extended upto September 2020</b></p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 22(aa) | <p><b>w.e.f 1-10-2019:</b></p> <p><b>Services by way of giving on hire to a local authority, an Electrically operated vehicle (EOV) meant to carry more than 12 passengers;</b></p> <p><b><u>EOV</u> means vehicle falling under Chapter 87 in the First Schedule to the Customs Tariff Act, 1975</b></p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

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|     | which is run solely on electrical energy derived from an external source or from one/more electrical batteries fitted to such road vehicle.                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 24B | <b>w.e.f. 1-10-2019:</b><br>services provided by way of storage or warehousing of cereals, pulses, fruits, nuts and vegetables, spices, copra, sugarcane, jaggery , raw vegetable fibres, jute etc. indigo, unmanufactured tobacco, betel leaves, tendu leaves, coffee and tea exempted from GST.                                            |
| 25  | Transmission or distribution of electricity by an electricity transmission or distribution utility.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 26  | Services by the Reserve Bank of India.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 27  | Services by way of—<br>(a) extending deposits, loans or advances in so far as the consideration is represented by way of interest or discount (other than interest involved in credit card services);<br>(b) sale or purchase of foreign currency amongst banks or authorized dealers of foreign exchange or amongst banks and such dealers. |
| 27A | <b>Notification No. 28/2018-CT (R), dated 31st Dec, 2018:</b><br>Services provided by a banking company to Basic Saving Bank Deposit (BSBD) account holders under Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana (PMJDY).                                                                                                                                    |
| 28  | Services of life insurance business provided by way of annuity under the National Pension System regulated by the Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority of India under the Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority Act, 2013 (23 of 2013).                                                                             |
| 29  | Services of life insurance business provided or agreed to be provided by the Army, Naval and Air Force Group Insurance Funds to members of the Army, Navy and Air Force, respectively, under the Group Insurance Schemes of the Central Government.                                                                                          |
| 29A | w.e.f. 25.1.2018, Services of life insurance provided or agreed to be provided by the Naval Group Insurance Fund to the personnel of Coast Guard under the Group Insurance Schemes of the Central Government retrospectively w.e.f. 1 <sup>st</sup> July 2017.                                                                               |
| 29B | <b>w.e.f. 1-10-2019:</b><br><b>Services of life insurance provided or agreed to be provided by the Central Armed Police Forces (under Ministry of Home Affairs) Group Insurance Funds to their members under the Group Insurance Schemes of the concerned Central Armed Police Force exempted from GST.</b>                                  |
| 35  | Services of general insurance business provided under following schemes—<br>(a) Hut Insurance Scheme;<br>(b) Cattle Insurance under Swarnajayanti Gram Swarozgar Yojna (earlier known as Integrated Rural Development Programme);<br>(c) Scheme for Insurance of Tribals;                                                                    |

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|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|     | <p>(d) Janata Personal Accident Policy and Gramin Accident Policy;</p> <p>(e) Group Personal Accident Policy for Self-Employed Women;</p> <p>(f) Agricultural Pumpset and Failed Well Insurance;</p> <p>(g) premia collected on export credit insurance;</p> <p>(h) Weather Based Crop Insurance Scheme or the Modified National Agricultural Insurance Scheme, approved by the Government of India and implemented by the Ministry of Agriculture;</p> <p>(i) Jan Arogya Bima Policy;</p> <p>(j) National Agricultural Insurance Scheme (Rashtriya Krishi Bima Yojana);</p> <p>(k) Pilot Scheme on Seed Crop Insurance;</p> <p>(l) Central Sector Scheme on Cattle Insurance;</p> <p>(m) Universal Health Insurance Scheme;</p> <p>(n) Rashtriya Swasthya Bima Yojana;</p> <p>(o) Coconut Palm Insurance Scheme;</p> <p>(p) Pradhan Mantri Suraksha BimaYojna;</p> <p>(q) Niramaya Health Insurance Scheme implemented by the Trust constituted under the provisions of the National Trust for the Welfare of Persons with Autism, Cerebral Palsy, Mental Retardation and Multiple Disabilities Act, 1999 (44 of 1999).</p> <p><b>w.e.f 1-10-2019: exemption notification has been amended to exempt services of general insurance business provided under “Bangla Shasya Bima” scheme.</b></p> |
| 41A | <p>Service by way of transfer of development rights or Floor Space Index on or after <b>1st April 2019</b> for construction of residential apartments.</p> <p>Exemption is available only when promoter or builder paying tax under construction supply of service.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 41B | <p>Upfront amount payable in respect of service by way of granting of long-term lease of 30 years, or more, on or after <b>01.04.2019</b>, for construction of residential apartments.</p> <p>Exemption is available only when promoter or builder paying tax under construction supply of service.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 45  | <p>Services provided by—</p> <p>(a) an arbitral tribunal to—</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">(i) any person other than a business entity; or</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">(ii) a business entity with an aggregate turnover upto ₹20 lakh (₹10 lakh in the case of special category states) in the preceding financial year;</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">(iii) w.e.f. 25.1.2018, the Central Government, State Government, Union territory, local authority, Governmental Authority or Government Entity;</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

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|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                                                              | <p>(b) a partnership firm of advocates or an individual as an advocate other than a senior advocate, by way of legal services to—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) an advocate or partnership firm of advocates providing legal services;</li> <li>(ii) any person other than a business entity; or</li> <li>(iii) a business entity with an aggregate turnover upto ₹20 lakh (₹10 lakh in the case of special category states) in the preceding financial year;</li> <li>(iv) w.e.f. 25.1.2018, the Central Government, State Government, Union territory, local authority, Governmental Authority or Government Entity;</li> </ul> <p>(c) a senior advocate by way of legal services to—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) any person other than a business entity; or</li> <li>(ii) a business entity with an aggregate turnover upto ₹20 lakh (₹10 lakh in the case of special category states) in the preceding financial year or</li> <li>(iii) w.e.f. 25.1.2018, the Central Government, State Government, Union territory, local authority, Governmental Authority or Government Entity.</li> </ul> <p><b>w.e.f. 1-10-2019:</b><br/> <b>aggregate turnover of up to “such amount in the preceding financial year as makes it eligible for exemption from registration under the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (12 of 2017)” is exempt.</b></p> <p>Earlier the turnover was specified as “twenty lakh rupees (ten lakh rupees in case of a special category state) in the preceding financial year” which has now been rationalised.</p> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 67                                                                                                           | <p>Services provided by the Indian Institutes of Management, as per the guidelines of the Central Government, to their students, by way of the following educational programmes, except Executive Development Programme:—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) two year full time Post Graduate Programmes in Management for the Post Graduate Diploma in Management, to which admissions are made on the basis of Common Admission Test (CAT) conducted by the Indian Institute of Management;</li> <li>(b) fellow programme in Management;</li> <li>(c) five year integrated programme in Management.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <p><b>Entry No. 67 Omitted w.e.f. 1-1-2019 (vide CBIC Circular No. 82/01/2019- GST, dated 1-1-2019):</b></p> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Period</b>                                                                                                | <b>Exemption</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | <b>Remarks</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 1-7-2017<br>to<br>30-1-2018                                                                                  | IIM's exempted from Entry No. 67 of Notification No. 12/2017 C.T.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | IIMs were not covered by the definition of educational institutions as given in notification No. 12/2017 Central Tax (Rate), dated 28.06.2017. Thus, they were not entitled to exemption under Sl. No. 66 of the said notification. |

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|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <p>It is further, clarified that with effect from 31st January 2018, all IIMs have become eligible for exemption benefit under Sl. No. 66 of notification No. 12/ 2017- Central Tax (Rate) dated 28.06.2017. As such, specific exemption granted to IIMs vide Sl. No. 67 has become redundant. The same has been deleted vide notification No. 28/2018- Central Tax (Rate) dated, 31st December 2018 w.e.f. 1st January 2019.</p>                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 31-1-2018 to 31-12-2018                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Two exemptions, i.e. under Sl. No. 66 and under Sl. No. 67 of notification No. 12/ 2017- Central Tax (Rate), dated 28.06.2017 are available to the IIMs.                                                                                            | As per Hon'ble Supreme Court of India, if there are two or more exemption notifications available to an assessee, the assessee can claim the one that is more beneficial to him. |
| <p><b>Important Note:</b> Indian Institutes of Managements also provide various short duration/ short term programs for which they award participation certificate to the executives/ professionals as they are considered as “participants” of the said programmes. These participation certificates are not any qualification recognized by law. Such participants are also not considered as students of Indian Institutes of Management. Services provided by IIMs as an educational institution to such participants is not exempt from GST.</p> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 82A                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <p><b>w.e.f. 1-10-2019</b><br/> <b>services by way right to admission to the events organised under FIFA U-17 Women's World Cup 2020 exempted from GST.</b></p>  |                                                                                                                                                                                  |

**Clarification on applicability of GST exemption to the DG Shipping approved maritime courses conducted by Maritime Training Institutes of India. (CBIC Circular No. 117/36/2019-GST, dated 11th October, 2019)**

Maritime Training Institutes and their training courses are approved by the Director General of Shipping which are duly recognised under the provisions of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1958 read with the Merchant Shipping (standards of training, certification and watch-keeping for Seafarers) Rules, 2014.

Therefore, the Maritime Institutes are educational institutions under GST Law and the courses conducted by them are exempt from levy of GST. The exemption is subject to meeting the conditions specified at Sl. No. 66 of the notification No. 12/ 2017-Central Tax (Rate), dated 28.06.2017.

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## List of services exempt from IGST

|    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|    | <b>Apart from above, list of services exempts from IGST by Notification No. 9/2017-Integrated Tax (Rate), dated 28th June, 2017 also include following three services.</b>                                                                |
| 86 | <b>w.e.f. 1-10-2019, Notification No. 20/2019- (IT Rate) dated September 30, 2019_:</b><br>so as to exempt "Services provided by an intermediary when location of both supplier and recipient of goods is outside the taxable territory". |

### Inter State supply of services- Nepal and Bhutan exempt:

Further, Notification No. 9/2017-IT(R), dated 28.06.2017 has also been amended vide Notification No. 42/2017-IT(R), dated 27.10.2017 to exempt inter-State supply of services having place of supply in Nepal or Bhutan, against payment in Indian Rupees.

This exemption has been withdrawn from Integrated Tax for supply of services having place of supply in Nepal and Bhutan, against payment in Indian Rupees. vide Notification No. 2/2019-IT, dated 4-2-2019.

## REVERSE CHARGE MECHANISM (RCM)

**Section 9(3) of CGST/Section 5(3) of IGST:** Government will decide who is liable to pay GST under Reverse Charge.

**12.2 w.e.f. 1st July 2017:** As per Notification No. 13/2017-Central Tax (Rate), dated 28th June, 2017 and Notification No. 10/2017-Integrated Tax (Rate), dated 28th June, 2017 the following 9 services (are identical under CGST & IGST) on which GST shall be levied under Reverse Charge have been notified.

| S. No. | Description of supply of service                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Supplier of service          | Recipient of service                                                                                                                                      | Person liable to pay GST |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1      | GTA Services<br><b>w.e.f. 1st January 2019</b> , Services provided by GTA to Government departments/local authorities exempted which have taken registration only for the purpose of deducting tax under Section 51 not liable under RCM (N. No. 29/2018-CT(R), dated 31st December 2018). | Goods Transport Agency (GTA) | Any factory, society, co-operative society, registered person, body corporate, partnership firm, casual taxable person; located in the taxable territory. | Recipient                |

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| S. No. | Description of supply of service                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Supplier of service                               | Recipient of service                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Person liable to pay GST |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 5B     | w.e.f. 1-4-2019, Services supplied by any person by way of transfer of development rights or Floor Space Index (FSI) (including additional FSI) for construction of a project by a promoter.                                                                                                                              | Any person                                        | Promoter.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Promoter                 |
| 5C     | w.e.f. 1-4-2019, Long term lease of land (30 years or more) by any person against consideration in the form of upfront amount (called as premium, salami, cost, price, development charges or by any other name) and/or periodic rent for construction of a project by a promoter                                         | Any person                                        | Promoter.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Promoter.                |
| 9      | <b>w.e.f.1-10-2019:</b><br>Supply of services by music composer, photographer, artist or the like by way of transfer or permitting the use or enjoyment of a copyright covered under section 13(1)(a) of the Copyright Act, 1957 relating to dramatic, musical or artistic works to a music company, producer or the like | music composer, photographer, artist, or the like | music company, producer or the like, located in the taxable territory                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Recipient                |
| 9A     | <b>w.e.f.1-10-2019:</b><br>Supplier of services by an author by way of transfer or permitting the use or enjoyment of a copyright covered under clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 13 of the Copyright Act, 1957 relating to original literary works to a publisher                                                 | Author                                            | Publisher located in the taxable territory:<br>Provided that nothing contained in this entry shall apply where,-<br>(i) the author has taken registration under the CGST and filed a declaration, in the form at Annexure I, within the time limit prescribed therein, with the jurisdictional CGST or SGST commissioner, as the case may be, that he exercises the option to pay central tax on the services specified (i.e. copyright by author) under forward | Recipient                |

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| S. No. | Description of supply of service | Supplier of service | Recipient of service                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Person liable to pay GST |
|--------|----------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
|        |                                  |                     | <p>charge in accordance with Sec 9(1) of CGST Act, 2017 and to comply with all the provisions of CGST Act, 2017 as they apply to a person liable for paying the tax in relation to the supply of any goods or services or both and that he shall not withdraw the said option within a period of ONE year from the date of exercising such option;</p> <p>(ii) the author makes a declaration, as prescribed in Annexure II on the invoice issued by him in the Form GST Inv-I to the publisher.</p> |                          |

**w.e.f. 1<sup>st</sup> January 2019, Insertion of new services to RCM u/s 9(3) of CGST Act [Notification No. 29/2018-CT (R), dated 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2018]:**

| Sl. No. | Category of Supply of Services                                                               | Supplier of service                     | Recipient of Service                                        | Comment                           |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| (1)     | (2)                                                                                          | (3)                                     | (4)                                                         | (5)                               |
| 12      | Services provided by business facilitator (BF) to a banking company                          | Business facilitator (BF)               | A banking company, located in the taxable territory         |                                   |
| 13      | Services provided by an agent of business correspondent (BC) to business correspondent (BC). | An agent of business correspondent (BC) | A business correspondent, located in the taxable territory. |                                   |
| 14      | Security services (services provided by way of supply of                                     | Any person other than a body corporate  | A registered person, located in the                         | Therefore, when Security services |

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| Sl. No. | Category of Supply of Services                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Supplier of service                                                                                                                                                                   | Recipient of Service                                                       | Comment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| (1)     | (2)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | (3)                                                                                                                                                                                   | (4)                                                                        | (5)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|         | security personnel) provided to a registered person: Provided that nothing contained in this entry shall apply to,—(i)(a) a Department or Establishment of the Central Government or State Government or Union territory; or (b) local authority; or (c) Governmental agencies; which has taken registration under the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (12 of 2017) only for the purpose of deducting tax under section 51 of the said Act and not for making a taxable supply of goods or services; or (ii) a registered person paying tax under section 10 of the said Act. |                                                                                                                                                                                       | taxable territory.";                                                       | are provided to registered persons only then no need to take registration as per Section 23 of CGST Act, 2017. However, when supplier of security services provides services to registered as well as unregistered person then such supplier is required to take registration for supply to unregistered recipient and those under composition. |
| 15      | <b>w.e.f. 1-10-2019:</b><br>services provide by way of renting of a motor vehicle provided to a body corporate                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Any person other than a body corporate, paying central tax at the rate of 2.5% on renting of motor vehicles with input tax credit only of input service in the same line of business. | Anybody corporate located in the taxable territory.                        | Recipient                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 16      | <b>w.e.f. 1-10-2019:</b><br>services of lending of securities under Securities Lending Scheme 1997 of Securities and                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Lender i.e. a person who deposits the securities registered in his name or in the                                                                                                     | Borrower i.e. a person who borrows the securities under the scheme through | Recipient                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

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| Sl. No. | Category of Supply of Services             | Supplier of service                                                                                                                       | Recipient of Service              | Comment |
|---------|--------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|
| (1)     | (2)                                        | (3)                                                                                                                                       | (4)                               | (5)     |
|         | Exchange Board of India (SEBI), as amended | name of any other person duly authorised on his behalf with an approved intermediary for the purpose of lending under the scheme of SEBI. | an approved intermediary of SEBI. |         |

**Notified services taken from unregistered person liable to tax on reverse charge basis w.e.f 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2019 (i.e. section 9(4) of the CGST Act, 2017 or section 5(4) of IGST Act, 2017)**

The Central Government vide Notification No. 07/2019-Central Tax (R), dated 29th March 2019 has notified that the registered person specified below shall in respect of supply of specified goods or services or both received from an unregistered supplier shall pay tax on reverse charge basis as recipient of such goods or services

| Sl. No. | Category of supply of goods and services                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Recipient of goods and services |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1.      | Supply of such goods and services or both other than services by way of grant of development rights, long term lease of land or FSI which constitute the shortfall from the minimum value of goods or services or both required to be purchased by a promoter for construction of project, in a financial year.                                                                                                    | Promoter                        |
| 2.      | Cement falling in chapter heading 2523 in the first schedule to the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 (51 of 1975) which constitute the shortfall from the minimum value of goods or services or both required to be purchased by a promoter for construction of project, in a financial year (or part of the financial year till the date of issuance of completion certificate or first occupation, whichever is earlier) | Promoter                        |
| 3.      | Capital goods falling under any chapter in the first schedule to the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 (51 of 1975) supplied to a promoter for construction of a project                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Promoter                        |

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## TIME OF SUPPLY

**The following treatment shall apply to TDR/FSI and Long-term lease for projects commencing after 1-4-2019:**

The supply of TDR, FSI, long term lease (premium) of land by a land owner to a developer shall be exempted subject to the condition that the constructed flats are sold before issuance of completion certificate and tax is paid on them. Exemption of TDR, FSI, long term lease (premium) shall be withdrawn in case of flats sold after issue of completion certificate, but such withdrawal shall be limited to 1% of value in case of affordable houses and 5% of value in case of other than affordable houses.

The liability to pay tax on TDR, FSI, long term lease (premium) shall be shifted from landowner to builder under the Reverse Charge Mechanism (RCM).

The date on which builder shall be liable to pay tax on TDR, FSI, long term lease (premium) of land under RCM in respect of flats sold after completion certificate is being shifted to date of issue of completion certificate or first occupation of the project, whichever is earlier.

The liability of builder to pay tax on construction of houses given to land owner in a JDA is also being shifted to the date of completion or first occupation of the project, whichever is earlier.

**w.e.f. 1-10-2019:**The CBIC **vide Notification No. 23/2019- (CT Rate) dated September 30, 2019** has put a retrospective sunset clause on applicability of **Notification No. 04/2018- (CT Rate) dated January 25, 2018** w.r.t. development rights supplied on or after April 01, 2019. The later Notification provided special procedure to be followed while determining time of supply in case of construction services against transfer of development rights.

## PLACE OF SUPPLY

### Section 12 of IGST Act, 2017:

|                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Services by way of Transportation of goods including by mail or courier (Section 12(8) of IGST Act, 2017) | <p><b>Place of supply of services:</b></p> <p>Provided to a registered person:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Location of recipient of Service.</li></ul> <p>Provided to an un-registered person:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Location at which such goods are handed over for their transportation.</li></ul> <p><b>w.e.f. 1-2-2019:</b></p> <p>Provided that where the transportation of goods is to a place outside India, the place of supply shall be the place of destination of such goods.</p> |
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## Section 13 of IGST Act, 2017:

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| In order to prevent double taxation or non-taxation of the supply of a service, or for the uniform application of rules, the Govt. of India shall have the power to notify any description of service or circumstances in which the place of supply shall be the place of effective use and enjoyment of a service.<br>Section 13(13) of IGST Act, 2017 | <b>Place of supply of services:</b><br><b>w.e.f. 1-10-2019:</b><br>The CBIC vide Notification No. 04/2019- (IT) dated September 30, 2019 has notified the place of supply of R&D services related to pharmaceutical sector provided by Indian pharma companies to foreign service recipients, as the place of effective use and enjoyment of a service i.e. location of the service recipient. |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## Clarification in respect of determination of place of supply in following cases: -

Vide CBIC Circular No. 103/22/2019 GST dated 28.06.2019

- (i) Services provided by Ports - place of supply in respect of various cargo handling services provided by ports to clients;
- (ii) Services rendered on goods temporarily imported in India - place of supply in case of services rendered on unpolished diamonds received from abroad, which are exported after cutting, polishing etc.

**(i) Issue:** Various services are being provided by the port authorities to its clients in relation to cargo handling. Some of such services are in respect of arrival of wagons at port, haulage of wagons inside port area up to place of unloading, siding of wagons inside the port, unloading of wagons, movement of unloaded cargo to plot and staking hereof, movement of unloaded cargo to berth, shipment/loading on vessel etc.

Whether the place of supply for such services would be determined in terms of the provisions contained in section 12(2) or section 13(2) of the IGST Act, as the case may be, or the same shall be determined in terms of the provisions contained in section 12(3) of the IGST Act?

**Clarification:** It is hereby clarified that such services are ancillary to or related to cargo handling services and are not related to immovable property. Accordingly, the place of supply of such services will be determined as per the provisions contained in section 12(2) or section 13(2) of the IGST Act, as the case may be, depending upon the terms of the contract between the supplier and recipient of such services.

**(ii) Issue:** What would be the place of supply in case of supply of various services on unpolished diamonds such as cutting and polishing activity which have been temporarily imported into India and are not put to any use in India?

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**Clarification:** Place of supply in case of performance-based services is to be determined as per the provisions contained in section 13(3)(a) of the IGST Act and generally the place of services is where the services are actually performed. But an exception has been carved out in case of services supplied in respect of goods which are temporarily imported into India for repairs or for any other treatment or process and are exported after such repairs or treatment or process without being put to any use in India, other than that which is required for such repairs or treatment or process. In case of cutting and polishing activity on unpolished diamonds which are temporarily imported into India are not put to any use in India, the place of supply would be determined as per the provisions contained in section 13(2) of the IGST Act.

**Clarification regarding determination of place of supply in case of software/design services related to Electronics Semi-conductor and Design Manufacturing (ESDM) industry (CBIC Circular No. 118/37/2019-GST, dated 11th October, 2019.)**

In contracts where service provider is involved in a composite supply of software development and design for integrated circuits electronically, testing of software on sample prototype hardware is often an ancillary supply, whereas, chip design/software development is the principal supply of the service provider. The service provider is not involved in software testing alone as a separate service. The testing of software/design is aimed at improving the quality of software/design and is an ancillary activity. The entire activity needs to be viewed as one supply and accordingly treated for the purposes of taxation. Artificial vivisection of the contract of a composite supply is not provided in law. These cases are fact based and each case should be examined for the nature of supply contracted.

Therefore, it is clarified that the place of supply of software/design by supplier located in taxable territory to service recipient located in **non-taxable territory** by using sample prototype hardware/test kits in a composite supply, where such testing is an ancillary supply, is the location of the service recipient as per Section 13(2) of the IGST Act. Provisions of Section 13(3)(a) of IGST Act do not apply separately for determining the place of supply for ancillary supply in such cases.

**IGST Rules, 2017:**

**w.e.f. 1<sup>st</sup> January 2019, Integrated Goods and Services Tax (Amendment) Rules, 2018**

Central Government vide **N. No. 04/2018-Integrated Tax, dated 31st December, 2018** notified the following rules as Integrated Goods and Services Tax (Amendment) Rules, 2018:—

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## 1. **Rule 3 in clause (h):**

The words “**the service shall be deemed to have been provided all over India and**” inserted after the words “in the case of advertisements over internet” to clarify that the services provided over internet is not specific to 1 or more State or Union territory and shall be deemed to be provided all over India.

## 2. **Insertion of Rule 4:**

The place of supply in case of the supply of services attributable to different States or Union territories, under sub section (3) of section 12 of the IGST Act, 2017 shall be:—

1. Where such immovable property or boat or vessel is located in more than one State or Union territory- each of the respective States or Union territories and
2. In the absence of any contract or agreement between the supplier of service and recipient of services for separately collecting or determining the value of the services in each such State or Union territory- to be determined in the following manner namely:-

### **(i) Services provided by way of lodging accommodation by a hotel, inn, guest house, club or campsite, by whatever name called and services ancillary to such services:**

1. Where such property is a single property located in two or more contiguous States or Union territories or both: the supply of services shall be treated as made in each of the respective States or Union territories, in proportion to the area of the immovable property lying in each State or Union territory.

**Illustration:** There is a piece of land of area 20,000 square feet which is partly in State S1 say 12,000 square feet and partly in State S2, say 8000 square feet. Site preparation work has been entrusted to T. The ratio of land in the two states works out to 12:8 or 3:2 (simplified). The place of supply is in both S1 and S2. The service shall be deemed to have been provided in the ratio of 12:8 or 3:2 (simplified) in the States S1 and S2 respectively. The value of the service shall be accordingly apportioned between the States.

2. Cases except where such property is a single property located in two or more contiguous States or Union territories or both: the supply of services shall be treated as made in each of the respective States or Union territories, in proportion to the number of nights stayed in such property.

**Illustration:** A hotel chain X charges a consolidt. sum of ₹30, 000/- for stay in its two establishments in Delhi and Agra, where the stay in Delhi is for 2 nights and the stay in Agra is for 1 night. The place of supply in this case is both in the Union territory of Delhi and in the State of Uttar Pradesh and the service shall be deemed to have been provided in the Union territory of Delhi and in the State of Uttar Pradesh in the ratio 2:1 respectively. The value of services provided will thus be apportioned as ₹20, 000/- in the Union territory of Delhi and ₹10,000/- in the State of Uttar Pradesh.

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ii. **All other services in relation to immovable property including services by way of accommodation in any immovable property for organising any marriage or reception etc** : the supply of services shall be treated as made in each of the respective States or Union territories, in proportion to the area of the immovable property lying in each State or Union territory

iii. **services provided by way of lodging accommodation by a house boat or any other vessel and services ancillary to such services:** the supply shall be treated as made in each of the respective States or Union territories, in proportion to the time spent by the boat or vessel in each such State or Union territory, determined on the basis of a declaration made to the effect by the service provider.

**Illustration 3:** A company C provides the service of 24 hours accommodation in a houseboat, which is situated both in Kerala and Karnataka inasmuch as the guests board the house boat in Kerala and stay there for 22 hours but it also moves into Karnataka for 2 hours (as declared by the service provider). The place of supply of this service is in the States of Kerala and Karnataka. The service shall be deemed to have been provided in the ratio of 22:2 or 11:1 (simplified) in the states of Kerala and Karnataka, respectively. The value of the service shall be accordingly apportioned between the States.

### 3. **Insertion of Rule 5:**

The place of supply in case of supply of services attributable to different States or Union territories, under subsection (7) of section 12 of the said Act, in the case of-

1. services provided by way of organisation of a cultural, artistic, sporting, scientific, educational or entertainment event, including supply of services in relation to a conference, fair exhibition, celebration or similar events; or
2. services ancillary to the organisation of any such events or assigning of sponsorship to such events, where the services are supplied to a person other than a registered person, the event is held in India in more than one State or Union territory and a consolidated amount is charged for supply of such services, shall be taken as being in each of the respective States or Union territories, and in the absence of any contract or agreement between the supplier of service and recipient of services for separately collecting or determining the value of the services in each such State or Union territory, as the case maybe, shall be determined by application of the generally accepted accounting principles.

**Illustration:** An event management company E has to organise some promotional events in States S1 and S2 for a recipient R. 3 events are to be organised in S1 and 2 in S2. They charge a consolidated amount of ₹10,00,000 from R. The place of supply of this service is in both the States S1 and S2. Say the proportion arrived at by the application of generally accepted accounting principles is 3:2. The service shall be deemed to have been provided in the ratio 3:2 in S1 and S2 respectively. The value of services provided will thus be apportioned as ₹6,00,000/- in S1 and ₹4,00,000/- in S2.

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## 4. **Insertion of Rule 6: Supply under section 12(11) of the IGST Act**

In the case of supply of services relating to a leased circuit, where the leased circuit is installed in more than one State or Union territory and a consolidated amount is charged for supply of such services, shall be taken as being in **each of the respective States or Union territories**, and in the absence of any contract or agreement between the supplier of service and recipient of services for separately collecting or determining the value of the services in each such State or Union territory, as the case maybe, shall be determined in the following manner, namely:—

1. The number of points in a circuit shall be determined in the following manner:
  - (i) in the case of a circuit between two points or places, the starting point or place of the circuit and the end point or place of the circuit will invariably constitute two points;
  - (ii) any intermediate point or place in the circuit will also constitute a point provided that the benefit of the leased circuit is also available at that intermediate point;
2. the supply of services shall be treated as made in each of the respective States or Union territories, in proportion to the number of points lying in the State or Union territory.

**Illustration 1:** A company T installs a leased circuit between the Delhi and Mumbai offices of a company C. The starting point of this circuit is in Delhi and the end point of the circuit is in Mumbai. Hence one point of this circuit is in Delhi and another in Maharashtra. The place of supply of this service is in the Union territory of Delhi and the State of Maharashtra. The service shall be deemed to have been provided in the ratio of 1:1 in the Union territory of Delhi and the State of Maharashtra, respectively.

**Illustration 2:** A company T installs a leased circuit between the Chennai, Bengaluru and Mysuru offices of a company C. The starting point of this circuit is in Chennai and the end point of the circuit is in Mysuru. The circuit also connects Bengaluru. Hence one point of this circuit is in Tamil Nadu and two points in Karnataka. The place of supply of this service is in the States of Tamil Nadu and Karnataka. The service shall be deemed to have been provided in the ratio of 1:2 in the States of Tamil Nadu and Karnataka, respectively.

**Illustration 3:** A company T installs a leased circuit between the Kolkata, Patna and Guwahati offices of a company C. There are 3 points in this circuit in Kolkata, Patna and Guwahati. One point each of this circuit is, therefore, in West Bengal, Bihar and Assam. The place of supply of this service is in the States of West Bengal, Bihar and Assam. The service shall be deemed to have been provided in the ratio of 1:1:1 in the States of West Bengal, Bihar and Assam, respectively.

## 5. **Insertion of Rule 7**

In the case of **services supplied in respect of goods** which are required to be made physically available by the recipient to the supplier, or to a person acting on behalf of the supplier, or in the case of **services supplied to an individual**, represented either as the recipient or a person acting on behalf of the recipient, which require the physical presence of the recipient or the person acting on his behalf, where the location

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of the supplier of services or the location of the recipient of services is outside India, and where such services are supplied in more than one State or Union territory, shall be taken as being in each of the respective States or Union territories, and the proportion of value attributable to each such State and Union territory in the absence of any contract or agreement between the supplier of service and recipient of services for separately collecting or determining the value of the services in each such State or Union territory, as the case may be, shall be determined in the following manner, namely:-

1. in the case of services supplied on the same goods, by equally dividing the value of the service in each of the States and Union territories where the service is performed;
2. in the case of services supplied on different goods, by taking the ratio of the invoice value of goods in each of the States and Union territories, on which service is performed, as the ratio of the value of the service performed in each State or Union territory;
3. in the case of services supplied to individuals, by applying the generally accepted accounting principles.

**Illustration-1:** A company C which is located in Kolkata is providing the services of testing of a dredging machine and the testing service on the machine is carried out in Orissa and Andhra Pradesh. The place of supply is in Orissa and Andhra Pradesh and the value of the service in Orissa and Andhra Pradesh will be ascertained by dividing the value of the service equally between these two States.

**Illustration-2:** A company C which is located in Delhi is providing the service of servicing of two cars belonging to Mr. X. One car is of manufacturer J and is located in Delhi and is serviced by its Delhi workshop. The other car is of manufacturer A and is located in Gurugram and is serviced by its Gurugram workshop. The value of service attributable to the Union Territory of Delhi and the State of Haryana respectively shall be calculated by applying the ratio of the invoice value of car J and the invoice value of car A, to the total value of the service.

**Illustration-3:** A makeup artist M has to provide make up services to an actor A. A is shooting some scenes in Mumbai and some scenes in Goa. M provides the makeup services in Mumbai and Goa. The services are provided in Maharashtra and Goa and the value of the service in Maharashtra and Goa will be ascertained by applying the generally accepted accounting principles.

## 6. **Insertion of Rule 8**

In case of supply of services directly in relation to an immovable property, including services supplied by experts and estate agents, supply of accommodation by a hotel, inn, guest house, club or campsite, by whatever name called, grant of rights to use immovable property, services for carrying out or co-ordination of construction work, including that of architects or interior decorators, where the location of the supplier of services or the location of the recipient of services is outside India, and where such services are supplied in more than one State or Union territory, in the absence of any contract or agreement between the supplier of service and recipient of services for separately collecting or determining the value of the services in each

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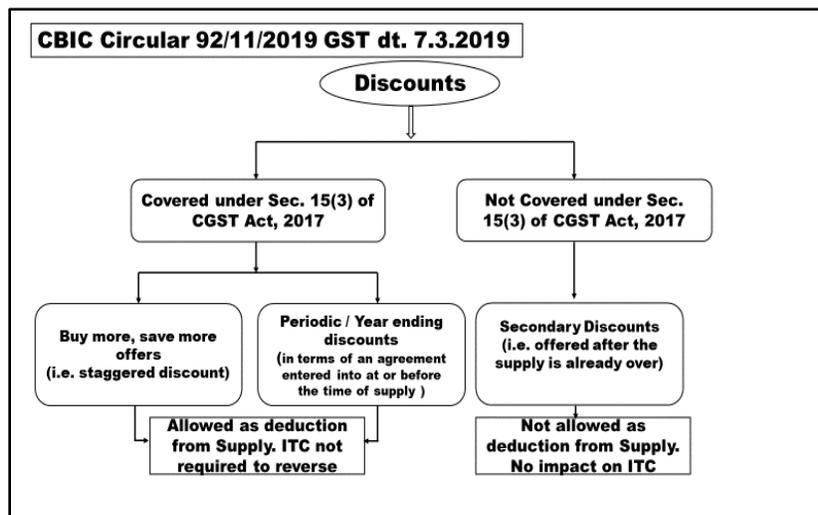
such State or Union territory, as the case maybe, shall be determined by applying the provisions of rule 4, mutatis mutandis.

## 7. Insertion of Rule 9

In case of supply of services by way of admission to, or organisation of a cultural, artistic, sporting, scientific, educational or entertainment event, or a celebration, conference, fair, exhibition or similar events, and of services ancillary to such admission or organisation, where the location of the supplier or the location of the recipient is outside India, and where such services are provided in more than one State or Union territory, in the absence of any contract or agreement between the supplier of service and recipient of services for separately collecting or determining the value of the services in each such State or Union territory, as the case maybe, shall be determined by applying the provisions of rule 5, mutatis mutandis".

## VALUE OF SUPPLY

### Discounts:



### TCS would not be includible in the value of supply under GST:

The Central Government vide Corrigendum to Circular No. 76/50/2018-GST, dated 31st December, 2018 has clarified that Tax collection at source (TCS) is not a tax on goods but an interim levy on the possible “income” arising from the sale of goods by the buyer and to be adjusted against the final income- tax liability of the buyer. Accordingly, for the purpose of determination of value of supply under GST, Tax collected at source (TCS) under the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 would not be includible as it is an interim levy not having the character of tax.

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## **Donation or gifts from individual donors – Levy of GST on service display of name plates or donor in premises of charitable organisation (CBIC Circular No. 116/35/2019 GST, dated 11-10-2019):**

Individual donors provide financial help or any other support in the form of donation or gift to institutions such as religious institutions, charitable institutions, schools, hospitals, orphanages, old age homes etc. the recipient institutions place a name plate or similar such acknowledgement in their premises to express gratitude.

When the name of the donor is displayed in recipient institution premises, in such a manner, which can be said to be an expression of gratitude and public recognition of donor's act of philanthropy and is not aimed at giving publicity to the donor in such manner that it would be an advertising or promotion of his business, then it can be said that there is no supply of service for a consideration (in the form of donation). There is no obligation (quid pro quo) on part of recipient of the donation or gift to do anything (supply a service). Therefore, there is no **GST liability** on such consideration.

**Example 1:** "Good wishes from Mr. Rajesh" printed underneath a digital blackboard donated by Rajesh to a charitable Yoga institution.

**Example 2:** "Donated by Smt. Malati Devi in the memory of her father" written on the door or floor of a room or any part of a temple complex which was constructed from such donation.

## **Airport levies under GST (CBIC Circular No. 115/34/2019-GST, dated 11-10-2019):**

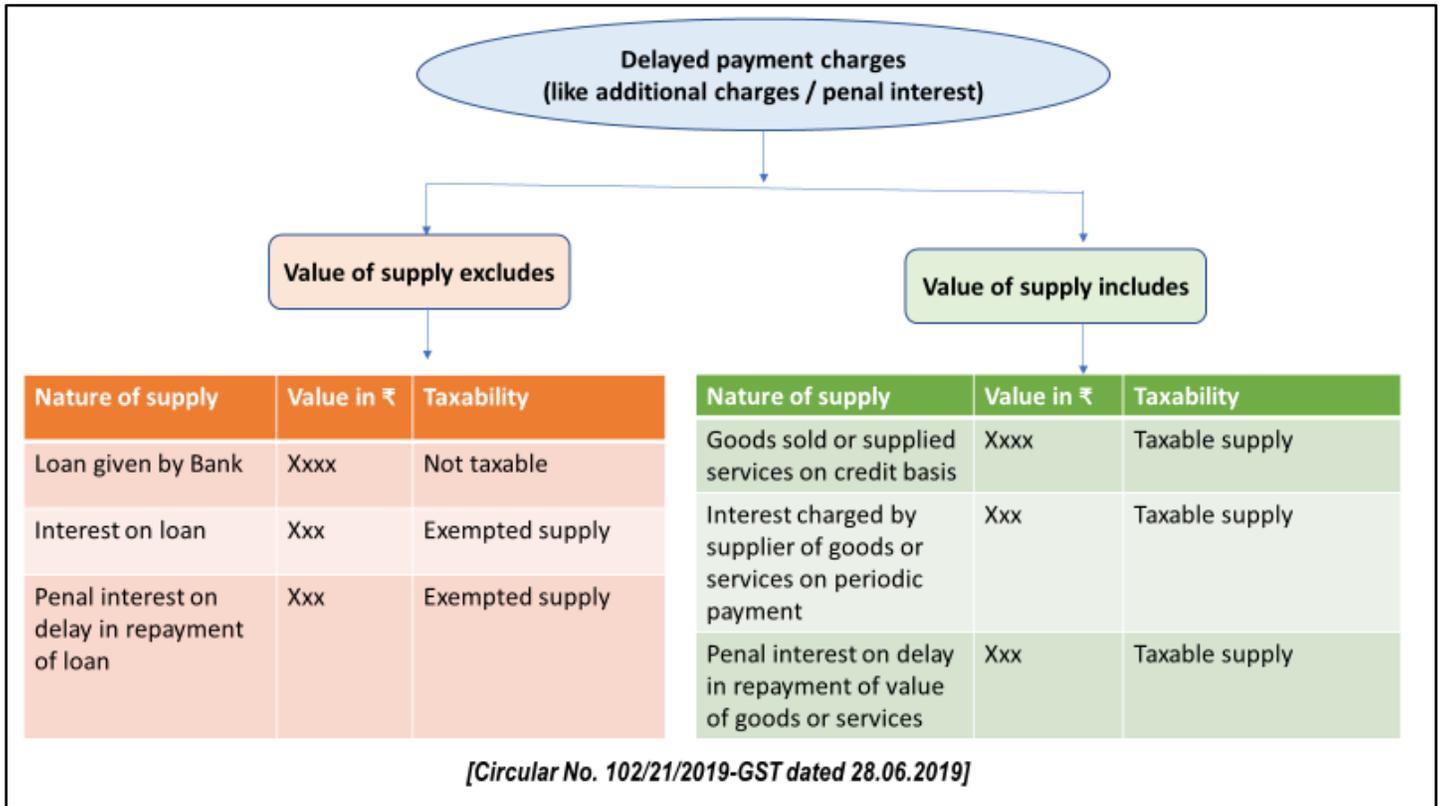
Passenger Service Fee (PSF) or User Development Fee (UDF) levied by airport operator for services provided to passengers, are collected by the air lines as an agent and is not a consideration for any service provided by the airlines. Airlines may act as a pure agent for the supply of airport services in accordance with rule 33 of the CGST Rules, 2017.

The airport operators (like Mumbai International Airport Ltd., or Airport Authority of India or Delhi International Airport Ltd. etc) shall pay GST on the PSF and UDF collected by them from the passengers through the airlines. Since, the airport operators are collecting PSF and UDF inclusive of GST, there is no question of their not paying GST collected by them to the Government.

Collection charges paid by the airport operator to airlines are a consideration for the services provided by the airlines to the airport operator and airlines shall be liable to pay GST on the same under forward charge. ITC of the same will be available with the airport operator.

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GST on delayed payment charges in case of late payment of Equated Monthly Installments



**Issues related to GST on monthly subscription/contribution charged by a Residential Welfare Association from its members. (CBIC Circular No. 109/28/2019-GST, dated 22nd July, 2019)**

| S. No. | Issue                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | clarification                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1      | Are the maintenance charges paid by residents to the Resident Welfare Association (RWA) in a housing society exempt from GST and if yes, is there an upper limit on the amount of such charges for the exemption to be available? | Supply of service by RWA (unincorporated body or a non-profit entity registered under any law) to its own members by way of reimbursement of charges or share of contribution up to an amount of ₹ 7500 per month per member for providing services and goods for the common use of its members in a housing society or a residential complex are exempt from GST. Prior to 25th January 2018, the exemption was available if the charges or share of contribution did not exceed ₹ 5000/- per month per member. The limit was increased to ₹ 7500/- per month per member with effect from 25th January 2018. [Refer clause (c) of Sl. No. 77 to the Notification No.12/2018-Central Tax (Rate), dated 28.06.2019] |

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| S. No.                 | Issue                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | clarification                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                        |                            |                 |                      |                    |           |                  |            |                    |                    |            |                  |            |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|--------------------|-----------|------------------|------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------|------------------|------------|
| 2                      | A RWA has aggregate turnover of ₹ 20 lakh or less in a financial year. Is it required to take registration and pay GST on maintenance charges if the amount of such charges is more than ₹ 7500/- per month per member?                                                               | <p>No. If aggregate turnover of an RWA does not exceed ₹ 20 Lakh in a financial year, it shall not be required to take registration and pay GST even if the amount of maintenance charges exceeds ₹ 7500/- per month per member. RWA shall be required to pay GST on monthly subscription/ contribution charged from its members, only if such subscription is more than ₹ 7,500/- per month per member and the annual aggregate turnover of RWA by way of supplying of services and goods is also ₹ 20 lakhs or more.</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;">Annual turnover of RWA</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Monthly maintenance charge</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Whether exempt?</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="2" style="text-align: center;">More than ₹ 20 lakhs</td> <td style="text-align: center;">More than ₹ 7500/-</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><b>No</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">₹ 7500/- or less</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><b>Yes</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2" style="text-align: center;">₹ 20 lakhs or less</td> <td style="text-align: center;">More than ₹ 7500/-</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><b>Yes</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">₹ 7500/- or less</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><b>Yes</b></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Annual turnover of RWA | Monthly maintenance charge | Whether exempt? | More than ₹ 20 lakhs | More than ₹ 7500/- | <b>No</b> | ₹ 7500/- or less | <b>Yes</b> | ₹ 20 lakhs or less | More than ₹ 7500/- | <b>Yes</b> | ₹ 7500/- or less | <b>Yes</b> |
| Annual turnover of RWA | Monthly maintenance charge                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Whether exempt?                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                        |                            |                 |                      |                    |           |                  |            |                    |                    |            |                  |            |
| More than ₹ 20 lakhs   | More than ₹ 7500/-                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | <b>No</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                        |                            |                 |                      |                    |           |                  |            |                    |                    |            |                  |            |
|                        | ₹ 7500/- or less                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | <b>Yes</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                        |                            |                 |                      |                    |           |                  |            |                    |                    |            |                  |            |
| ₹ 20 lakhs or less     | More than ₹ 7500/-                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | <b>Yes</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                        |                            |                 |                      |                    |           |                  |            |                    |                    |            |                  |            |
|                        | ₹ 7500/- or less                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | <b>Yes</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                        |                            |                 |                      |                    |           |                  |            |                    |                    |            |                  |            |
| 3                      | Is the RWA entitled to take input tax credit of GST paid on input and services used by it for making supplies to its members and use such ITC for discharge of GST liability on such supplies where the amount charged for such supplies is more than ₹ 7,500/- per month per member? | RWAs are entitled to take ITC of GST paid by them on capital goods (generators, water pumps, lawn furniture etc.), goods (taps, pipes, other sanitary/hardware fillings etc.) and input services such as repair and maintenance services.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                        |                            |                 |                      |                    |           |                  |            |                    |                    |            |                  |            |
| 4                      | Where a person owns two or more flats in the housing society or residential complex, whether the ceiling of ₹ 7500/- per month per member on the maintenance for the exemption to be available shall be applied per residential apartment or per person?                              | As per general business sense, a person who owns two or more residential apartments in a housing society or a residential complex shall normally be a member of the RWA for each residential apartment owned by him separately. The ceiling of ₹ 7500/- per month per member shall be applied separately for each residential apartment owned by him. For example, if a person owns two residential apartments in a residential complex and pays ₹ 15000/- per month as maintenance charges towards maintenance of each apartment to the RWA (₹ 7500/- per month in respect of each residential apartment), the exemption from GST shall be available to each apartment.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                        |                            |                 |                      |                    |           |                  |            |                    |                    |            |                  |            |
| 5                      | How should the RWA calculate GST payable where the maintenance charges exceed ₹ 7500/- per month per member? Is the GST payable only on                                                                                                                                               | The exemption from GST on maintenance charges charged by a RWA from residents is available only if such charges do not exceed ₹ 7500/- per month per member. In case the charges exceed ₹ 7500/- per month per member, the entire                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                        |                            |                 |                      |                    |           |                  |            |                    |                    |            |                  |            |

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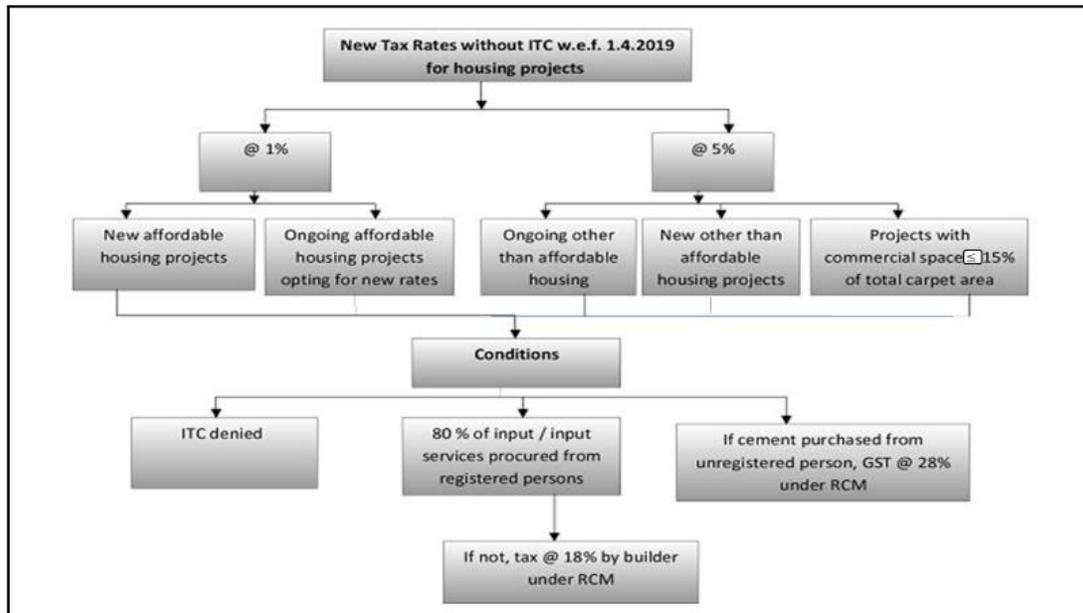
| S. No. | Issue                                                                         | clarification                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|        | the amount exceeding ₹ 7500/- or on the entire amount of maintenance charges? | amount is taxable. For example, if the maintenance charges are ₹ 9000/- per month per member, GST @18% shall be payable on the entire amount of ₹ 9000/- and not on [₹ 9000 - ₹ 7500] = ₹ 1500/- . |

## Construction service vs. works contract service – valuation

## W.e.f. 1-4-2019 REAL ESTATE SECTORS are summarized as under:

### Conditions for the new tax rates:

- At least 80% of the material to be procured from registered dealers. Further, on shortfall of purchases from 80%, tax shall be paid by the builder @ 18% on RCM basis.
- However, Tax on cement purchased from unregistered person shall be paid @ 28% under RCM, and on capital goods under RCM at applicable rates.
- Input tax credit shall not be available.



### Applicability of new tax rates:

The new tax rates which shall be applicable as follows:

1% without input tax credit (ITC) on construction of affordable houses shall be available for:

- Houses having area of 60 sqm in metros/90 sqm in non-metros and value upto ₹45 lakhs
- Under construction affordable houses presently eligible for concessional rate of 8% GST (after 1/3rd land abatement)

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5% without input tax credit shall be applicable on construction of:

- Under construction houses other than affordable houses presently booked prior to or after 01.04.2019. For houses booked prior to 01.04.2019, new rate shall be available on instalments payable on or after 01.04.2019.
- Commercial apartments having carpet area of not more than 15% of total carpet area of all apartments.

**The following treatment shall apply to TDR/FSI and Long term lease for projects commencing after 1-4-2019:**

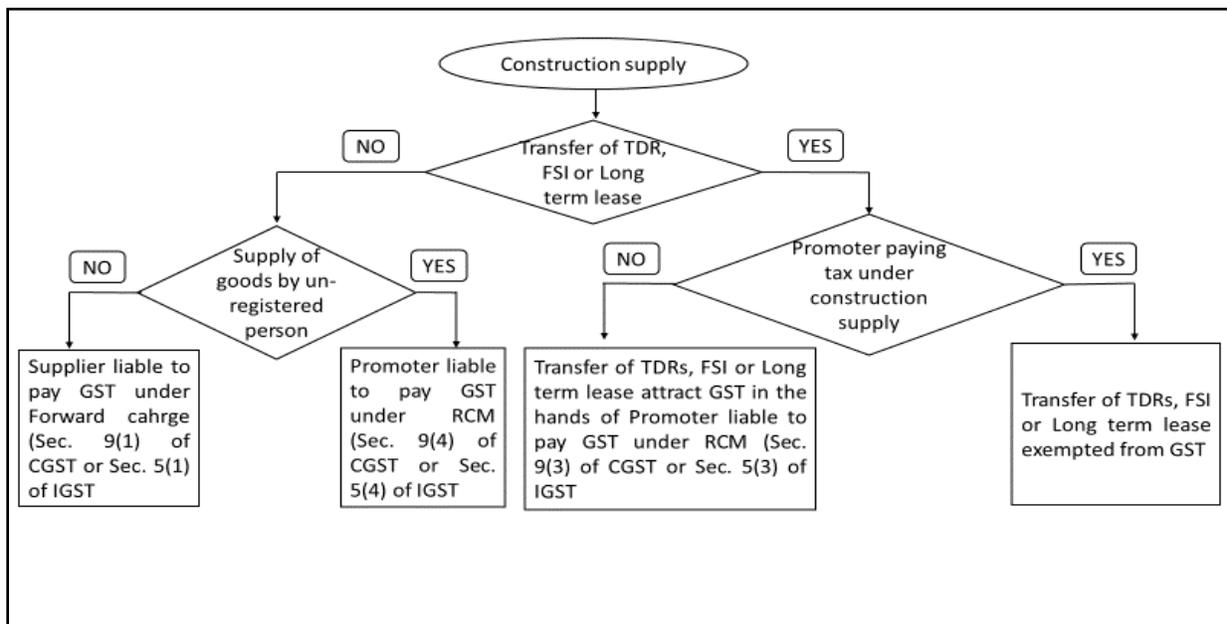
The supply of TDR, FSI, long term lease (premium) of land by a land owner to a developer shall be exempted subject to the condition that the constructed flats are sold before issuance of completion certificate and tax is paid on them. Exemption of TDR, FSI, long term lease (premium) shall be withdrawn in case of flats sold after issue of completion certificate, but such withdrawal shall be limited to 1% of value in case of affordable houses and 5% of value in case of other than affordable houses.

The liability to pay tax on TDR, FSI, long term lease (premium) shall be shifted from landowner to builder under the Reverse Charge Mechanism (RCM).

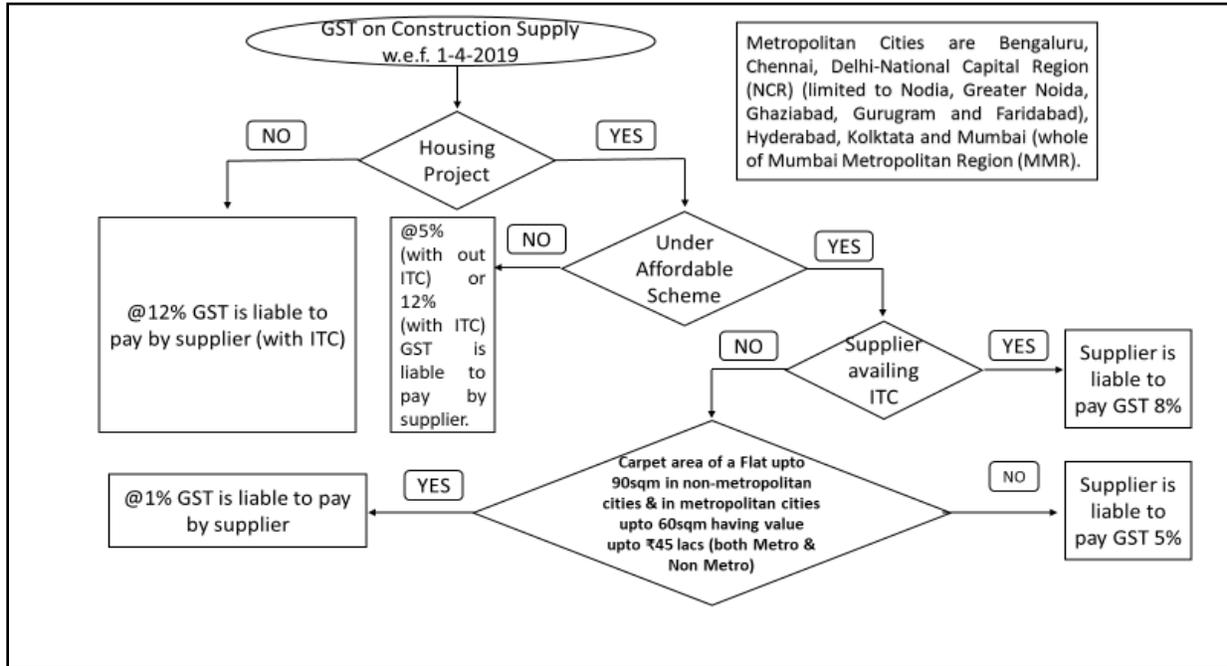
The date on which builder shall be liable to pay tax on TDR, FSI, long term lease (premium) of land under RCM in respect of flats sold after completion certificate is being shifted to date of issue of completion certificate.

The liability of builder to pay tax on construction of houses given to land owner in a JDA is also being shifted to the date of completion.

## Simplified Approach:



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## REGISTRATION UNDER GST

**Section 22(1) of the CGST Act, 2017:**

Registration is mandatory if aggregate turnover exceeds threshold limit.

Exemption from obtaining registration w.e.f April 1, 2019:

| Sr. No.                                                                          | States                                                                   | w.e.f 1 April 2019 (Notification No.-10/2019- Central Tax) |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>FOR SUPPLIER ENGAGED EXCLUSIVELY IN "SUPPLY OF GOODS"</b>                     |                                                                          |                                                            |
| 1                                                                                | Manipur, Mizoram, Nagaland, Tripura                                      | ₹10 Lakh                                                   |
| 2                                                                                | Uttarakhand, Meghalaya, Sikkim, Arunachal Pradesh, Puducherry, Telangana | ₹20 Lakh                                                   |
| 3                                                                                | Rest States of India                                                     | ₹40 Lakh                                                   |
| <b>FOR SUPPLIER ENGAGED IN "SUPPLY OF SERVICES" OR BOTH "GOODS AND SERVICES"</b> |                                                                          |                                                            |
| 1                                                                                | Manipur, Mizoram, Nagaland, Tripura                                      | ₹10 Lakh                                                   |
| 2                                                                                | Rest States of India                                                     | ₹20 Lakh                                                   |

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For the purpose of Section 22(1) of CGST Act, 2017 a person shall be considered to be engaged exclusively in the supply of goods even if he is engaged in exempt supply of services provided by way of extending deposits, loans or advances in so far as the consideration is represented by way of interest or discount.

Any person engaged in exclusive supply of goods and whose turnover in the financial year does not exceeds ₹40 Lakh exempted from registration. Exceptions to this exemption are as follows:

- (a) persons required to take compulsory registration under section 24 of the CGST Act, 2017
- (b) person engaged in making supplies of ice cream and other edible ice and tobacco and manufactured tobacco substitutes.

## Compulsory registration in certain cases

Section 24: the following categories of persons shall be required to be registered under GST:

Every electronic commerce operator **“who is required to collect tax at source under section 52”** shall be inserted as per the Finance Act, 2018 w.e.f. 1-2-2019

## Furnishing of Bank Account Details.- (Notification No. 31/2019 CT dated 28.06.2019)

As per Rule 10A of CGST Rules, 2017, After a certificate of registration in FORM GST REG-06 has been made available on the common portal and a Goods and Services Tax Identification Number has been assigned, the registered person, except those who have been granted registration under rule 12 or, as the case may be rule 16, shall as soon as may be, but not later than **forty five days** from the date of grant of registration or the date on which the return required under section 39 is due to be furnished, whichever is earlier, furnish information with respect to details of bank account, or any other information, as may be required on the common portal in order to comply with any other provision.”.

This relaxation is not available for those who have been granted registration as TDS deductor/ TCS collector under rule 12 or who have obtained suo-motu registration under rule 16.

In other words, a registered person has an option to give his bank account details after obtaining registration, within 45 days from the date of grant of registration or the due date of furnishing return, whichever is earlier. However, if a person violates the provisions of rule 10A, his GST registration is liable to be cancelled [Rule 21].

## Manner of furnishing the details of State/UT in application for registration by a TDS deductor in a State/UT where he doesn't have a physical presence [Rule 12(1A) of the CGST Rules][Notification No. 33/2019 CT dated 18.07.2019]

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Hitherto, there was specific provision for furnishing details of State/ UT in the application for registration by a TCS collector in a State where he doesn't have a physical presence, prescribed under rule 12(1A).

Rule 12(1A) has been amended to extend to said provisions to a TDS deductor also.

Resultantly, when a person is applying for registration to deduct TDS in a State/UT **where he does not have a physical presence**, he shall **mention name of said State/UT in Part A** of prescribed application form for registration.

Further, the name of the **State/UT in which his principal place of business is located** is to be mentioned in **Part B** of the application form. States/UTs mentioned in Part A and Part B of the application form may be different.

**Registered person required to issue revised tax invoice and file first return for supplies during suspension period [Rule 21A of the CGST Rules] [Notification No. 49/2019 CT dated 09.10.2019]**

Rule 21A provides that once a registered person has applied for cancellation of registration or the proper officer seeks to cancel his registration, his registration shall remain suspended during pendency of the proceedings relating to cancellation of registration filed. Such person **shall not make any taxable supply** during the period of suspension and shall not be required to file any return [Rule 21A(3)].

An explanation has been inserted to this sub-rule (3) to rule 21A clarifying that the expression **“shall not make any taxable supply”** shall mean that the registered person shall not issue a tax invoice and, accordingly, not charge tax on supplies made by him during the period of suspension.

Further, a new sub-rule (5) has been inserted in said rule to provide that where any order having the effect of revocation of suspension of registration has been passed, the provisions of section 31(3)(a) [revised tax invoices] and section 40 [first return] in respect of the supplies made during the period of suspension and the procedure specified therein shall apply.

## **Cancellation (or suspension w.e.f. 1-2-2019) of GST Registration under Section 29 of the CGST Act, 2017:**

### **The following persons are allowed to cancel a GST registration:**

- (1) The registered person himself
- (2) By a GST officer
- (3) The legal heir of the registered person

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**w.e.f. 1-2-2019**, the following proviso shall be inserted under section 29(1), namely:—

“Provided that during pendency of the proceedings relating to cancellation of registration filed by the registered person, the registration may be suspended for such period and in such manner as may be prescribed”.

**w.e.f. 1<sup>st</sup> February 2019**, The Central Government vide N No. 03/2019-CT, dated 29th January 2019 has amended CGST Rules, 2017 details of which are explained below:

|                                                                | Revised                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Comment                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Insertion of Rule 21A</b><br>[Suspension of registration]:- | (1) Where a registered person has applied for cancellation of registration under rule 20, the registration shall be deemed to be suspended from the date of submission of the application or the date from which the cancellation is sought, whichever is later.<br>(2) Where the proper officer has reasons to believe that the registration is liable to be cancelled under section 29 or under rule 21, he may, after affording the said person a reasonable opportunity of being heard, suspend the registration of such person with effect from a date to be determined by him<br>(3) A registered person, whose registration has been suspended shall not make any taxable supply during the period of suspension and shall not be required to furnish any return under section 39.<br>(4) The suspension of registration under sub-rule (1) or sub-rule (2) shall be deemed to be revoked upon completion of the proceedings by the proper officer under rule 22 and such revocation shall be effective from the date on which the suspension had come into effect. | With this insertion, where cancellation is applied but continues to appear online, please ensure that suspension order is obtained to avoid late fee. The exemption from late fee is only in respect of returns upto Sept 2018. |

**2nd & 3rd Proviso to Rule 23(1) of CGST Rules, 2017 (Inserted vide Notification No. 20/2019-CT, dated 23.04.2019):**

Provided further that all returns due for the period from the date of the order of cancellation of registration till the date of the order of revocation of cancellation of registration shall be furnished by the said person within a period of thirty days from the date of order of revocation of cancellation of registration:

Provided also that where the registration has been cancelled with retrospective effect, the registered person shall furnish all returns relating to period from the effective date of cancellation of registration till the date of order of revocation of cancellation of registration within a period of thirty days from the date of order of revocation of cancellation of registration.

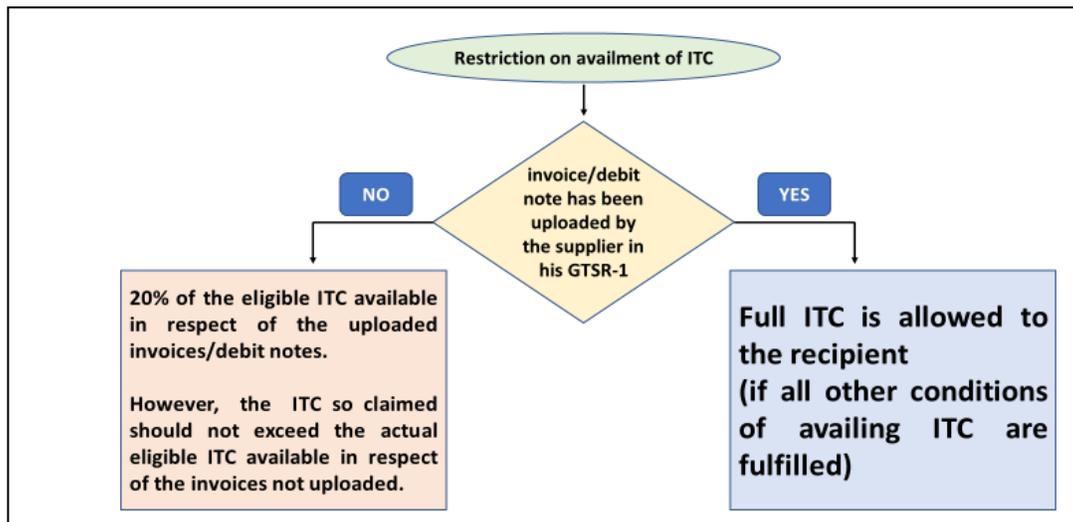
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## Notification No. 39/2018 dated 4.9.2018:

Where the person instead of replying to the notice served under sub-rule (1) of rule 22 (i.e. **Cancellation of Registration**) for contravention of provisions contained in clause (b) or (c) of sub-section (2) of section 29 (namely a person paying tax under section 10 has not furnished returns for 3 consecutive tax periods or a person has not furnished returns for a continuous period of 6 months) furnishes all the pending returns and makes full payment of the tax dues along with applicable interest and late fee, the proper officer shall drop the proceedings and pass an order in FORM GST-REG 20 (i.e. If the proper officer is satisfied with the explanation, he can use this form to drop the cancellation proceeding and pass a formal order).

## INPUT TAX CREDIT (ITC)

**Restriction on availment of input tax credit (ITC) in respect of invoices/debit notes not uploaded by the suppliers in their GSTR-1s [New sub-rule (4) inserted in rule 36 of the CGST Rules] [Notification No. 49/2019 CT dated 09.10.2019]**



## 20% ITC restrictions clarified by CBIC Circular No. 123/42/2019– GST dated 11.11.2019:

| Sl. No | Issue                                                                                                       | Clarification                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1.     | What are the invoices /debit notes on which the restriction under rule 36(4) of the CGST Rules shall apply? | The restriction of availing of ITC is imposed only in respect of those invoices / debit notes, details of which are required to be uploaded by the suppliers under sub-section (1) of section 37 and which have not been uploaded. Therefore, taxpayers may avail full ITC in respect of IGST paid on import, documents issued under RCM, credit received from ISD etc. which are |

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|               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | <p>outside the ambit of sub-section (1) of section 37, provided that eligibility conditions for availing of ITC are met in respect of the same. The restriction of 36(4) will be applicable only on the invoices / debit notes on which credit is availed after 09.10.2019.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                       |                                                                            |                                                    |                                                              |               |                                                                                                                        |             |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 2.            | <p>Whether the said restriction is to be calculated supplier wise or on consolidated basis?</p>                                                                                                                                                               | <p>The restriction imposed is not supplier wise. The credit available under sub-rule (4) of rule 36 is linked to total eligible credit from all suppliers against all supplies whose details have been uploaded by the suppliers. Further, the calculation would be based on only those invoices which are otherwise eligible for ITC. Accordingly, those invoices on which ITC is not available under any of the provision (say under sub-section (5) of section 17) would not be considered for calculating 20 per cent. of the eligible credit available.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                       |                                                                            |                                                    |                                                              |               |                                                                                                                        |             |                                                                                                                       |
| 3.            | <p><b>FORM GSTR-2A</b> being a dynamic document, what would be the amount of input tax credit that is admissible to the taxpayers for a particular tax period in respect of invoices / debit notes whose details have not been uploaded by the suppliers?</p> | <p>The amount of input tax credit in respect of the invoices / debit notes whose details have not been uploaded by the suppliers shall not exceed 20% of the eligible input tax credit available to the recipient in respect of invoices or debit notes the details of which have been uploaded by the suppliers under sub-section (1) of section 37 <b>as on the due date of filing of the returns in FORM GSTR-1 of the suppliers for the said tax period.</b> The taxpayer may have to ascertain the same from his auto populated <b>FORM GSTR 2A as available on the due date of filing of FORM GSTR-1 under sub-section (1) of section 37.</b></p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                                                       |                                                                            |                                                    |                                                              |               |                                                                                                                        |             |                                                                                                                       |
| 4.            | <p>How much ITC a registered tax payer can avail in his <b>FORM GSTR-3B</b> in a month in case the details of some of the invoices have not been uploaded by the suppliers under sub-section (1) of section 37.</p>                                           | <p>Sub-rule (4) of rule 36 prescribes that the ITC to be availed by a registered person in respect of invoices or debit notes, the details of which have not been uploaded by the suppliers under sub-section (1) of section 37, shall not exceed 20 per cent. of the eligible credit available in respect of invoices or debit notes the details of which have been uploaded by the suppliers under sub-section (1) of section 37. The eligible ITC that can be availed is explained by way of illustrations, in a tabulated form, below.<br/>In the illustrations, say a taxpayer "R" receives 100 invoices (for inward supply of goods or services) involving ITC of ₹ 10 lakhs, from various suppliers during the month of Oct, 2019 and has to claim ITC in his <b>FORM GSTR-3B</b> of October, to be filed by 20th Nov, 2019.</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; margin-top: 10px;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 10%;"></th> <th style="width: 40%;">Details of suppliers' invoices for which recipient is eligible to take ITC</th> <th style="width: 20%;">20% of eligible credit where invoices are uploaded</th> <th style="width: 30%;">Eligible ITC to be taken in GSTR-3B to be filed by 20th Nov.</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><b>Case 1</b></td> <td>Suppliers have furnished in <b>FORM GSTR-1</b> 80 invoices involving ITC of ₹ 6 lakhs as on the due date of furnishing</td> <td style="text-align: center;">₹1,20,000/-</td> <td>₹ 6,00,000 (i.e. amount of eligible ITC available, as per details uploaded by the suppliers) + ₹1,20,000 (i.e. 20% of</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> |                                                                                                                       | Details of suppliers' invoices for which recipient is eligible to take ITC | 20% of eligible credit where invoices are uploaded | Eligible ITC to be taken in GSTR-3B to be filed by 20th Nov. | <b>Case 1</b> | Suppliers have furnished in <b>FORM GSTR-1</b> 80 invoices involving ITC of ₹ 6 lakhs as on the due date of furnishing | ₹1,20,000/- | ₹ 6,00,000 (i.e. amount of eligible ITC available, as per details uploaded by the suppliers) + ₹1,20,000 (i.e. 20% of |
|               | Details of suppliers' invoices for which recipient is eligible to take ITC                                                                                                                                                                                    | 20% of eligible credit where invoices are uploaded                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Eligible ITC to be taken in GSTR-3B to be filed by 20th Nov.                                                          |                                                                            |                                                    |                                                              |               |                                                                                                                        |             |                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Case 1</b> | Suppliers have furnished in <b>FORM GSTR-1</b> 80 invoices involving ITC of ₹ 6 lakhs as on the due date of furnishing                                                                                                                                        | ₹1,20,000/-                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | ₹ 6,00,000 (i.e. amount of eligible ITC available, as per details uploaded by the suppliers) + ₹1,20,000 (i.e. 20% of |                                                                            |                                                    |                                                              |               |                                                                                                                        |             |                                                                                                                       |

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|    |                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <p>of the details of outward supplies by the suppliers.</p> <p><b>Case 2</b> Suppliers have furnished in <b>FORM GSTR-1 80</b> invoices involving ITC of ₹ 7 lakhs as on the due date of furnishing of the details of outward supplies by the suppliers.</p> <p><b>Case 3</b> Suppliers have furnished in <b>FORM GSTR-1 75</b> invoices having ITC of ₹ 8.5 lakhs as on the due date of furnishing of the details of outward supplies by the suppliers.</p> | <p>amount of eligible ITC available, as per details uploaded by the suppliers) = ₹ 7,20,000/-</p> <p>₹ 1,40,000/-</p> <p>₹ 1,70,000/-</p> | <p>₹7,00,000 + ₹1,40,000 = ₹ 8,40,000/-</p> <p>₹ 8,50,000/- + ₹ 1,50,000/-* = ₹ 10,00,000</p> <p>* The additional amount of ITC availed shall be limited to ensure that the total ITC availed does not exceed the total eligible ITC.</p> |
| 5. | When can balance ITC be claimed in case availment of ITC is restricted as per the provisions of rule 36(4)? | <p>The balance ITC may be claimed by the taxpayer in any of the succeeding months provided details of requisite invoices are uploaded by the suppliers. He can claim proportionate ITC as and when details of some invoices are uploaded by the suppliers provided that credit on invoices, the details of which are not uploaded (under sub-section (1) of section 37) remains under 20 per cent of the eligible input tax credit, the details of which are uploaded by the suppliers. Full ITC of balance amount may be availed, in present illustration by "R", in case total ITC pertaining to invoices the details of which have been uploaded reaches ₹ 8.3 lakhs (₹ 10 lakhs /1.20). In other words, taxpayer may avail full ITC in respect of a tax period, as and when the invoices are uploaded by the suppliers to the extent Eligible ITC/ 1.2. The same is explained for Case No. 1 and 2 of the illustrations provided at Sl. No. 3 above as under:</p> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|    |                                                                                                             | <p><b>Case 1</b></p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <p>"R" may avail balance ITC of ₹ 2.8 lakhs in case suppliers upload details of some of the invoices for the tax period involving ITC of ₹ 2.3 lakhs out of invoices involving ITC of ₹ 4 lakhs details of which had not been uploaded by the suppliers. [₹ 6 lakhs + ₹ 2.3 lakhs = ₹ 8.3 lakhs]</p>                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

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|  |  |               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|--|--|---------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  |  | <b>Case 2</b> | "R" may avail balance ITC of ₹ 1.6 lakhs in case suppliers upload details of some of the invoices involving ITC of ₹ 1.3 lakhs out of outstanding invoices involving ₹ 3 lakhs. [₹ 7 lakhs + ₹ 1.3 lakhs = ₹ 8.3 lakhs] |
|--|--|---------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## Annual Return of the succeeding financial year

As per Section 44 of the CGST Act, 2017, every registered taxable person is required to file annual return by 31st December following end of financial year. Thus, for the financial year 2019-20, the annual return is required to be filed by 31st December 2020.

### w.e.f 1-8-2019:

"Provided that the Commissioner may, on the recommendations of the Council and for reasons to be recorded in writing, by notification, extend the time limit for furnishing the annual return for such class of registered persons as may be specified therein:

Provided further that any extension of time limit notified by the Commissioner of State tax or the Commissioner of Union territory tax shall be deemed to be notified by the Commissioner."

## Common inputs and input services for taxable and exempted supplies [Section 17 of the CGST Act, 2017]

Section 17(1) of the CGST Act, 2017 where the goods or services or both are used by the registered person partly for the purpose of any business and partly for other purposes, the amount of credit shall be restricted to so much of the input tax as is attributable to the purposes of his business.

Section 17(2) of the CGST Act, 2017 where the goods or services or both are used by the registered person partly for effecting taxable supplies including zero-rated supplies under this Act or under the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act and partly for effecting exempt supplies under the said Acts, the amount of credit shall be restricted to so much of the input tax as is attributable to the said taxable supplies including zero-rated supplies.

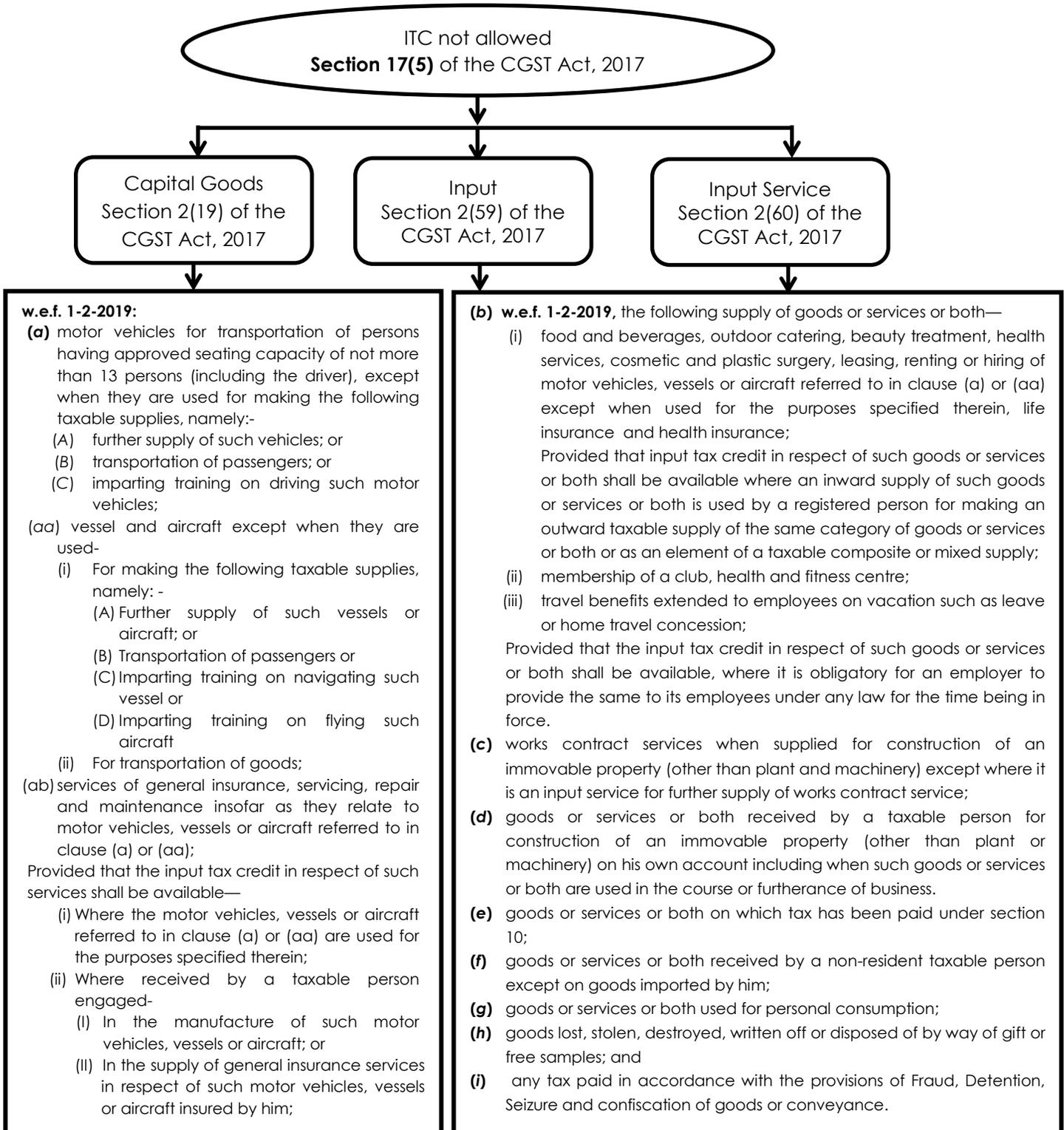
Section 17(3) of the CGST Act, 2017 the value of exempt supply under sub-section (2) shall be such as may be prescribed, and shall include supplies on which the recipient is liable to pay tax on reverse charge basis, transactions in securities, sale of land and, subject to clause (b) of paragraph 5 of Schedule II, sale of building.

w.e.f. 1-2-2019 Explanation: For the purposes of this sub-section, the expression "value of exempt supply" shall not include the value of activities or transactions specified in Schedule III, except those specified in paragraph 5 of the said Schedule.

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## Input Tax Credit (ITC) not applicable goods and services Section 17(5) of the CGS Act, 2017

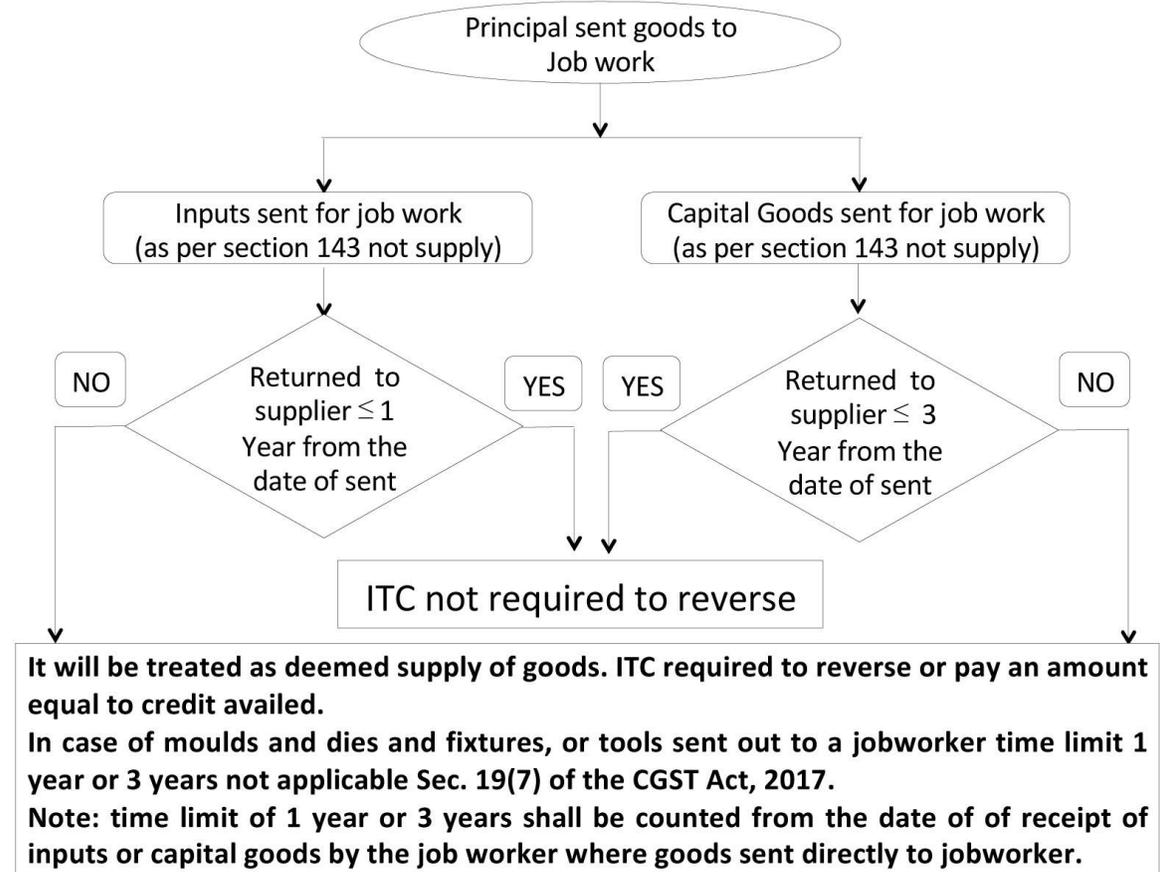
Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1) of section 16 and sub-section (1) of section 18, input tax credit shall not be available in respect of the following:



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**Taking input tax credit in respect of inputs and capital goods sent for job work Section 19 of the CGST Act, 2017:**

As per Section 19(3)/19(6) of the CGST Act, 2017:



**w.e.f. 1-2-2019: 2<sup>nd</sup> Proviso to section 143 of the CGST Act, 2019:**

the period of one year and three years may, on sufficient cause being shown, be extended by the Commissioner for a further period not exceeding one year and two years respectively.

**Manner of distribution of credit by Input Service Distributor [Section 20 of the CGST Act, 2017]**

w.e.f. 1-2-2019, the term "turnover", in relation to any registered person engaged in the supply of taxable goods as well as goods not taxable under this Act, means the value of turnover, reduced by the amount of any duty or tax levied (under entry 84 and 92A) of List I of the Seventh Schedule to the Constitution and entries 51 and 54 of List II of the said Schedule.

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## TAX INVOICE, CREDIT AND DEBIT NOTES

### Facility of Electronic payment to recipient w.e.f. 1-8-2019

As per section 31A of the CGST Act, 2017, The Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, prescribe a class of registered persons who shall provide prescribed modes of electronic payment to the recipient of supply of goods or services or both made by him and give option to such recipient to make payment accordingly, in such manner and subject to such conditions and restrictions, as may be prescribed."

### Electronic ticket w.e.f. 1-9-2019

A registered person supplying services by way of admission to exhibition of cinematograph films in multiplex screens shall be required to issue an electronic ticket and the said electronic ticket shall be deemed to be a tax invoice for all purposes of the Act, even if such ticket does not contain the details of the recipient of service but contains the other information as mentioned under rule 46:

Provided that the supplier of such service in a screen other than multiplex screens may, at his option, follow the above procedure (*vide* NT 33/2019-Central Tax, dated 18-7-2019)

### Goods sent/taken out of India for exhibition or on consignment basis for export promotion

(CBIC Circular No. 108/27/2019-GST dated 18<sup>th</sup> July 2019):

Since the activity of sending / taking specified goods out of India is not a supply, doubts have been raised by the trade and industry on issues relating to maintenance of records, issuance of delivery challan / tax invoice etc. These issues have been examined and the clarification on each of these points is as under: -

**Issue 1:** Whether any records are required to be maintained by registered person for sending / taking specified goods out of India?

**Clarification:** The registered person dealing in specified goods shall maintain a record of such goods.

**Issue 2:** What is the documentation required for sending / taking the specified goods out of India?

**Clarification:**

a) The activity of sending / taking specified goods out of India is not a supply.

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- b) The said activity is in the nature of “sale on approval basis” wherein the goods are sent / taken outside India for the approval of the person located abroad and it is only when the said goods are approved that the actual supply from the exporter located in India to the importer located abroad takes place. The activity of sending / taking specified goods is covered under the provisions of sub-section (7) of section 31 of the CGST Act read with rule 55 of Central Goods & Services Tax Rules, 2017 (hereinafter referred to as the “CGST Rules”).
- c) The specified goods shall be accompanied with a delivery challan issued in accordance with the provisions contained in rule 55 of the CGST Rules.
- d) The activity of sending / taking specified goods out of India is not a zero-rated supply. That being the case, execution of a bond or LUT, as required under section 16 of the IGST Act, is not required.

**Issue 3:** When is the supply of specified goods sent / taken out of India said to take place?

**Clarification:**

- a) The specified goods sent / taken out of India are required to be either sold or brought back within the stipulated period of six months from the date of removal as per the provisions contained in sub-section (7) of section 31 of the CGST Act.
- b) The supply would be deemed to have taken place, on the expiry of six months from the date of removal, if the specified goods are neither sold abroad nor brought back within the said period.
- c) If the specified goods are sold abroad, fully or partially, within the specified period of six months, the supply is effected, in respect of quantity so sold, on the date of such sale.

**Issue 4:** Whether invoice is required to be issued when the specified goods sent / taken out of India are not brought back, either fully or partially, within the stipulated period?

**Clarification:**

- a) When the specified goods sent / taken out of India have been sold fully or partially, within the stipulated period of six months, as laid down in sub-section (7) of section 31 of the CGST Act, the sender shall issue a tax invoice in respect of such quantity of specified goods which has been sold abroad, in accordance with the provisions contained in section 12 and section 31 of the CGST Act read with rule 46 of the CGST Rules.
- b) When the specified goods sent / taken out of India have neither been sold nor brought back, either fully or partially, within the stipulated period of six months, as laid down in sub-section (7) of section 31 of the CGST Act, the sender shall issue a tax invoice on the date of expiry of six months from the date of removal, in respect of such quantity of specified goods which have neither been sold nor brought back, in accordance with the provisions contained in section 12 and section 31 of the CGST Act read with rule 46 of the CGST Rules.

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**Issue 5:** Whether the refund claims can be preferred in respect of specified goods sent / taken out of India but not brought back?

**Clarification:**

- a) The activity of sending / taking specified goods out of India on sale or approval basis is not a zero-rated supply. That being the case, the sender of goods cannot prefer any refund claim when the specified goods are sent / taken out of India.
- b) It has further been clarified in answer to question no. 3 above that the supply would be deemed to have taken place:
  - (i) on the date of expiry of six months from the date of removal, if the specified goods are neither sold nor brought back within the said period; or
  - (ii) on the date of sale, in respect of such quantity of specified goods which have been sold abroad within the specified period of six months.
- c) It is clarified accordingly that the sender can prefer refund claim even when the specified goods were sent/ taken out of India without execution of a bond or LUT, if he is otherwise eligible for refund as per the provisions contained in sub-section (3) of section 54 the CGST Act read with sub-rule (4) of rule 89 of the CGST Rules, in respect of zero rated supply of goods after he has issued the tax invoice on the dates as has been clarified in answer to the question no. 4 above. It is further clarified that refund claim cannot be preferred under rule 96 of CGST Rules as supply is taking place at a time after the goods have already been sent / taken out of India earlier.

The above position is explained by way of illustrations below:

**Illustrations:**

- i) M/s ABC sends 100 units of specified goods out of India. The activity of merely sending / taking such specified goods out of India is not a supply. No tax invoice is required to be issued in this case but the specified goods shall be accompanied with a delivery challan issued in accordance with the provisions contained in rule 55 of the CGST Rules. In case the entire quantity of specified goods is brought back within the stipulated period of six months from the date of removal, no tax invoice is required to be issued as no supply has taken place in such a case. In case, however, the entire quantity of specified goods is neither sold nor brought back within six months from the date of removal, a tax invoice would be required to be issued for entire 100 units of specified goods in accordance with the provisions contained in section 12 and section 31 of the CGST Act read with rule 46 of the CGST Rules within the time period stipulated under sub-section (7) of section 31 of the CGST Act.

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- ii) M/s ABC sends 100 units of specified goods out of India. The activity of sending / taking such specified goods out of India is not a supply. No tax invoice is required to be issued in this case but the specified goods shall be accompanied with a delivery challan issued in accordance with the provisions contained in rule 55 of the CGST Rules. If 10 units of specified goods are sold abroad say after one month of sending / taking out and another 50 units are sold say after two months of sending / taking out, a tax invoice would be required to be issued for 10 units and 50 units, as the case may be, at the time of each of such sale in accordance with the provisions contained in section 12 and section 31 of the CGST Act read with rule 46 of the CGST Rules. If the remaining 40 units are not brought back within the stipulated period of six months from the date of removal, a tax invoice would be required to be issued for 40 units in accordance with the provisions contained in section 12 and section 31 of the CGST Act read with rule 46 of the CGST Rules. Further, M/s ABC may claim refund of accumulated input tax credit in accordance with the provisions contained in subsection (3) of section 54 of the CGST Act read with sub-rule (4) of rule 89 of the CGST Rules in respect of zero-rated supply of 60 units

## Credit and Debit Notes [Section 34 of the CGST Act, 2017]

### Credit note

In cases where (w.e.f. 1-2-2019, one or more tax invoices) have been issued for a supply and subsequently it is found that the value or tax charged in that invoice is more than what is actually payable/chargeable or where the recipient has returned the goods, the supplier can issue one or more credit notes to the recipient.

A registered person who issues such a credit note has to declare details of such credit note in the return for the month during which such credit note has been issued but not later than

- **September** following the end of the financial year in which such supply was made
- or
- the date of furnishing of the relevant annual return, whichever is earlier.

The tax liability of the registered person will be adjusted in accordance with the credit note issued, however no reduction in output tax liability of the supplier shall be permitted, if the incidence of tax and interest on such supply has been passed on to any other person.

### Debit note

In cases where (w.e.f. 1-2-2019 one or more tax invoices) have been issued for a supply and subsequently it is found that the value or tax charged in that invoice is less than what is actually payable/chargeable, the supplier can issue one or more debit notes to the recipient. Any registered person who issues a debit note in relation to a supply of goods or services or both, shall declare the details of such debit note in the return for the

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month during which such debit note has been issued and the tax liability shall be adjusted in such manner as may be prescribed.

**Validity period of e-way bill/consolidated e-way bill [Rule 138(10)] [Notification No. 31/2019 CT dated 28.06.2019]**

| Sl. No. | Distance within country                     | Validity period from relevant date*                                                                                                       |
|---------|---------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1.      | Upto 100 km.                                | One day in cases other than Over Dimensional Cargo** or multimodal shipment in which at least one leg involves transport by ship.         |
| 2.      | For every 100 km or part thereof thereafter | One additional day in cases other than Over Dimensional Cargo or multimodal shipment in which at least one leg involves transport by ship |
| 3.      | Upto 20 km.                                 | One day in case of Over Dimensional Cargo or multimodal shipment in which at least one leg involves transport by ship.                    |
| 4.      | For every 20 km or part thereof thereafter  | One additional day in case of Over Dimensional Cargo or multimodal shipment in which at least one leg involves transport by ship          |

The sub-rule (10) has been further amended to lay down that the validity of the e-way bill can be extended within eight hours from the time of its expiry.

**\*Relevant date** means the date on which the e-way bill has been generated and the period of validity shall be counted from the time at which the e-way bill has been generated and each day shall be counted as the period expiring at midnight of the day immediately following the date of generation of e-way bill.

**\*\*Over dimensional cargo** means a cargo carried as a single indivisible unit and which exceeds the dimensional limits prescribed in rule 93 of the Central Motor Vehicle Rules, 1989, made under the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988.

## PAYMENT OF TAX

**Utilization of input tax credit:**

**Section 49(5) of the CGST Act, 2017**

| Section 49(5) | Input | Offset option available against | Not available | Order of Set off                         |
|---------------|-------|---------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------------------|
| (a)           | IGST  | ✓ IGST                          | -             | W.e.f. 1-4-2019 section 49A of CGST Act, |

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|     |       |                             |                   |                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-----|-------|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|     |       | ✓ CGST<br>✓ SGST<br>✓ UTGST |                   | 2017 read with Rule 88A of CGST Rules, 2017:<br>IGST credit can be adjusted equally between CGST and SGST or any other proportion at the option of the assessee. |
| (b) | CGST  | ✓ CGST<br>✓ IGST            | ✗ SGST<br>✗ UTGST | 1. CGST<br>2. IGST                                                                                                                                               |
| (c) | SGST  | ✓ SGST<br>✓ IGST            | ✗ CGST<br>✗ UTGST | 1. SGST<br>2. IGST                                                                                                                                               |
| (d) | UTGST | ✓ UTGST<br>✓ IGST           | ✗ CGST<br>✗ SGST  | 1. UTGST<br>2. IGST                                                                                                                                              |

**Section 49A of CGST (w.e.f. 1-2-2019) read with rule 88A of CGST Rules, 2017:**

**Utilisation of Input tax credit subject to certain conditions:**

Notwithstanding anything contained in section 49, the input tax credit on account of central tax, State tax or Union territory tax shall be utilised towards payment of integrated tax, central tax, State tax or Union territory tax, as the case may be, only after the input tax credit available on account of integrated tax has first been utilised fully towards such payment.

w.e.f. 1-4-2019, The Central Government vide N No. 16/2019-CT, dated 29<sup>th</sup> March, 2019 has amended Central Goods and Services Tax Rules, 2017. Amendments made are explained below:

|                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Insertion of Rule 88A (Order of utilization of input tax credit)</b> | Input tax credit on account of integrated tax shall first be utilised towards payment of integrated tax, and the amount remaining, if any, may be utilised towards the payment of central tax and State tax or Union territory tax, as the case may be, in any order:<br>Provided that the input tax credit on account of central tax, State tax or Union territory tax shall be utilised towards payment of integrated tax, central tax, State tax or Union territory tax, as the case may be, only after the input tax credit available on account of integrated tax has first been utilised fully. | Comment: As per Section 49 ITC can be utilised in a particular series and 49A provides that credit of CGST/ SGST/UTGST can be utilised only after IGST ITC has been utilised fully. Therefore, combine reading of sec 49 and 49 A, IGST shall be utilised in a given series only.<br>However, with this rule it has been provided that IGST shall be utilised for IGST first than in any order convenient to taxpayer. |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

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Note: As per amendment act the order of utilization after the setoff of IGST liability was compulsory CGST and then SGST/UGST. Now the order has been relaxed wherein either of CGST or SGST/UGST liability can be set off.

## As per Finance Act, 2019, w.e.f. 1-8-2019:

As per Section 49(10) of the CGST Act, 2019, A registered person may, on the common portal, transfer any amount of tax, interest, penalty, fee or any other amount available in the electronic cash ledger under this Act, to the electronic cash ledger for integrated tax, central tax, State tax, Union territory tax or cess, in such form and manner and subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be prescribed and such transfer shall be deemed to be a refund from the electronic cash ledger under this Act.

As per Section 10(11) of the CGST Act, 2019, Where any amount has been transferred to the electronic cash ledger under this Act, the same shall be deemed to be deposited in the said ledger as provided in sub-section (1)."

## INTEREST ON DELAYED PAYMENT OF TAX

### Interest on late payment of tax by taxpayer [Section 50 of the CGST Act, 2017]

The two scenarios where a taxpayer will be liable to pay interest are:

1. Delayed payment of tax
2. credit has been claimed in excess or where it was not eligible to be claimed/ Tax liability has been shown to be less than the actual

### Interest rates Notification No. 13/2017-Central Tax, dated 28th June 2017

| Section                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Scenario                                                                                                                           | Interest rate<br>w.e.f. 1-7-2017 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 50(1) of the CGST Act, 2017<br><b>w.e.f. 1-8-2019:</b><br>"Provided that the interest on tax payable in respect of supplies made during a tax period and declared in the return for the said period furnished after the due date in accordance with the provisions of section 39, except where such return is furnished after commencement of any proceedings under section 73 or section 74 in respect of the said period, shall be levied on that portion of the tax that is paid by debiting the electronic cash ledger." | Delayed payment of tax                                                                                                             | 18% per annum                    |
| 50(3) of the CGST Act, 2017                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | A taxable person who makes an undue or excess claim of input tax credit under sub-section (10) of section 42 of the CGST Act, 2017 | 24% per annum                    |

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|  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |  |
|--|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
|  | <b>or</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                |  |
|  | undue or excess reduction in output tax liability under sub-section (10) of section 43 of the CGST Act, 2017, shall pay interest on such undue or excess claim or on such undue or excess reduction, as the case may be, |  |

As per Section 50(2) of the CGST Act, 2017 the interest under sub-section 50(1) shall be calculated, in such manner as may be prescribed, from the day succeeding the day on which such tax was due to be paid. Payments even made after 8 pm will be credited on the same day to the taxpayer's account. While there will be no physical challan accepted for the GST payment while the challans will be generated from the gst.gov.in only for all the payments of taxes, fees, penalty, interest.

## RELEVANT DATE TO CLAIM REFUND u/s 54 of CGST Act, 2017

(e) w.e.f. 1-2-2019 in the case of refund of unutilised input tax credit under clause (ii) of the first proviso to sub-section (3), the due date for furnishing of return under section 39 for the period in which such claim for refund arises;

## RETURNS UNDER GST

Following table lists the various types of returns under GST Law:

| Return Form | Particulars                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Frequency | Due Date                                         |
|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------------------------|
| GSTR-9      | Annual Return (section 44 of the CGST Act, 2017)<br>(a) Who Files: Registered Person other than an ISD, TDS/TCS Taxpayer, Casual Taxable Person and Non-resident Taxpayer.<br>(b) In this return, the taxpayer needs to furnish details of expenditure and details of income for the entire Financial Year.<br>(c) The persons who are non-residents and are providing OIDAR service in India to unregistered persons have been exempted from submitting GSTR-9 and GSTR-9C (vide NT 30/2019 CT dated 28/6/2019) | Annually  | 31st<br>December<br>of next<br>financial<br>year |

**Details of tax deducted and tax collected to be made available to the deductee and collectee respectively on the common portal after filing of GSTR-7 and GSTR-8 respectively [Rule 66(2) of the CGST Rules] [Notification No. 31/2019 CT dated 28.06.2019]**

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Sub-rule (2) of rule 66 has been amended to lay down that the details of TDS furnished by the deductor in GSTR-7 shall be made available electronically to each of the deductees on the common portal after filing of Form GSTR-7 for claiming the amount of tax deducted in his electronic cash ledger after validation.

Similarly, the details of TCS furnished by operator in GSTR-8 were made available to each supplier in Part C of Form GSTR-2A on the common portal after the due date of filing of Form GSTR-8 under rule 67(2) of the CGST Rules.

Sub-rule (2) of rule 67 has been amended to provide that the details of TCS furnished by the deductor in GSTR-8 is made available electronically to each of the deductees on the common portal after filing of Form GSTR-8 for claiming the amount of tax collected in his electronic cash ledger after validation.

**Form GSTR-3B to be treated as a return furnished under section 39 of the CGST Act [Rule 61(5) of the CGST Rules] vide [Notification No. 49/2019 CT dated 09.10.2019]**

|                                                                                  |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Annual Return is optional [Notification No. 47/2019 CT dated 09.10.2019]:</b> |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

Filing of annual return (GSTR- 9) under section 44(1) of CGST Act read with rule 80(1) of CGST Rules, in respect of financial years 2017-18 and 2018-19, has been made voluntary for the registered persons whose turnover is less than ₹. 2 crore and who have not furnished the said annual return before the due date. The annual return shall be deemed to be furnished on the due date if it has not been furnished before the due date.

Taxpayers with annual aggregate turnover upto ₹1.5 crore to file GSTR-1 on quarterly basis and taxpayers with annual aggregate turnover greater than ₹1.5 crore to file GSTR-1 on monthly basis.

**Composition taxpayers and tax payers paying tax under Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dated 01.03.2019 to file return annually and make payment quarterly**

A special procedure for furnishing of return and payment of tax has been prescribed for the following persons:

- (i) registered persons paying composition tax
- (ii) registered person paying tax by availing the benefit of Notification No. 02/2019 CT (R) dated 07.03.2019.

Such persons will:

- (i) furnish a statement in the prescribed form (Form GST CMP-08) containing details of payment of self - assessed tax, for every quarter (or part of the quarter), by 18th day of the month succeeding such quarter.
- (ii) furnish a return (GSTR 4) for every financial year (or part of the financial year), on or before 30th day of April following the end of such financial year.

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The registered persons paying tax by availing the benefit of Notification No. 02/2019-CT(R), dated 07.03.2019 will be deemed to have complied with the provisions of section 37 and section 39 of the CGST Act if they have furnished the prescribed statement and GSTR 4 as mentioned above.

|                                                                 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>w.e.f 1-8-2019 Furnishing of returns Section 39 amended:</b> |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|

Section 39(1) of the CGST Act, 2017 Every registered person, other than an Input Service Distributor or a non-resident taxable person or a person paying tax under the provisions of section 10 or section 51 or section 52 shall, for every calendar month or part thereof, furnish, a return, electronically, of inward and outward supplies of goods or services or both, input tax credit availed, tax payable, tax paid and such other particulars, in such form and manner, and within such time, as may be prescribed:

Provided that the Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, notify certain class of registered persons who shall furnish a return for every quarter or part thereof, subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be specified therein.

Section 39(2) of the CGST Act, 2017, A registered person paying tax under the provisions of section 10, shall, for each financial year or part thereof, furnish a return, electronically, of turnover in the State or Union territory, inward supplies of goods or services or both, tax payable, tax paid and such other particulars in such form and manner, and within such time, as may be prescribed.;

Section 39(7) of the CGST Act, 2017, Every registered person who is required to furnish a return under sub-section (1), other than the person referred to in the proviso thereto, or sub-section (3) or sub-section (5), shall pay to the Government the tax due as per such return not later than the last date on which he is required to furnish such return:

Provided that every registered person furnishing return under the proviso to sub-section (1) shall pay to the Government, the tax due taking into account inward and outward supplies of goods or services or both, input tax credit availed, tax payable and such other particulars during a month, in such form and manner, and within such time, as may be prescribed:

Provided further that every registered person furnishing return under sub-section (2) shall pay to the Government, the tax due taking into account turnover in the State or Union territory, inward supplies of goods or services or both, tax payable, and such other particulars during a quarter, in such form and manner, and within such time, as may be prescribed."

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## ACCOUNTS AND RECORDS UNDER GST

### Compulsorily Audit (Section 35(5) of the CGST Act, 2017 read with rule 80(3) of the CGST Rules, 2017)

w.e.f. 1<sup>st</sup> February 2019, The Central Government vide Notification No. 03/2019-CT, dated 29th January 2019 has amended CGST Rules, 2017 details of which are explained below:

|                                       | Revised                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Comment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Rule 80 (3)</b><br>[Annual Return] | Every registered person <b>other than those referred to in the proviso to sub-section (5) of section 35</b> , whose aggregate turnover during a financial year exceeds two crore rupees shall get his accounts audited as specified under sub-section (5) of section 35 and he shall furnish a copy of audited annual accounts and a reconciliation statement, duly certified, in FORM GSTR-9C, electronically through the common portal either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner. | Consequential changes provided in rule that audit provisions shall NOT apply to any department of the Central Government or a State Government or a local authority, whose books of account are subject to audit by the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India or an auditor appointed for auditing the accounts of local authorities under any law for the time being in force. |

## TCS UNDER GST

### 7. Annual Statement:

The operator who collects tax at source shall furnish an annual Statement, electronically, containing all the details, under sub-section (3) of Section 52 of the Act, regarding:

- (a) Outward supplies of Goods and Services
- (b) Return of goods and services during the Financial Year,

Before 31<sup>st</sup> December following the end of such Financial Year.

#### w.e.f. 1-4-2019:

“Provided that the Commissioner may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, by notification, extend the time limit for furnishing the statement for such class of registered persons as may be specified therein:

Provided further that any extension of time limit notified by the Commissioner of State tax or the Commissioner of Union territory tax shall be deemed to be notified by the Commissioner.”;

the following provisos shall be inserted, namely:— “Provided that the Commissioner may, on the recommendations of the Council and for reasons to be recorded in writing, by notification, extend the time limit for furnishing the annual statement for such class of registered persons as may be specified therein:

Provided further that any extension of time limit notified by the Commissioner of State tax or the Commissioner of Union territory tax shall be deemed to be notified by the Commissioner.”.

## CUSTOMS LAW

### BASIC CONCEPTS

W.e.f. 29.03.2019:

Section 11(3) of the Customs Act, 1962, Any prohibition or restriction or obligation relating to import or export of any goods or class of goods or clearance thereof provided in any other law for the time being in force, or any rule or regulation made or any order or notification issued thereunder, shall be executed under the provisions of that Act only if such prohibition or restriction or obligation is notified under the provisions of this Act, subject to such exceptions, modifications or adaptations as the Central Government deems fit."

### TYPES OF DUTIES

**w.e.f. 1-10-2019 Clarification regarding taxability of goods imported under lease (vide Notification No. 34/2019 Customs, dated 30-09-2019)**

In respect of goods imported on temporary basis, aircrafts, aircraft engines and other aircraft parts imported into India under a transaction covered by item 1(b) or 5(f) of Schedule II of the CGST Act, 2019 are exempted from IGST under Customs Act, 1962.

Similarly, rigs and ancillary items imported for oil or gas exploration and production taken on lease by the importer for use after import have also been exempted from IGST. Subsequently, all goods vessels, ships (other than motor vehicles) imported under lease, by the importer for use after importation, were also exempted from IGST.

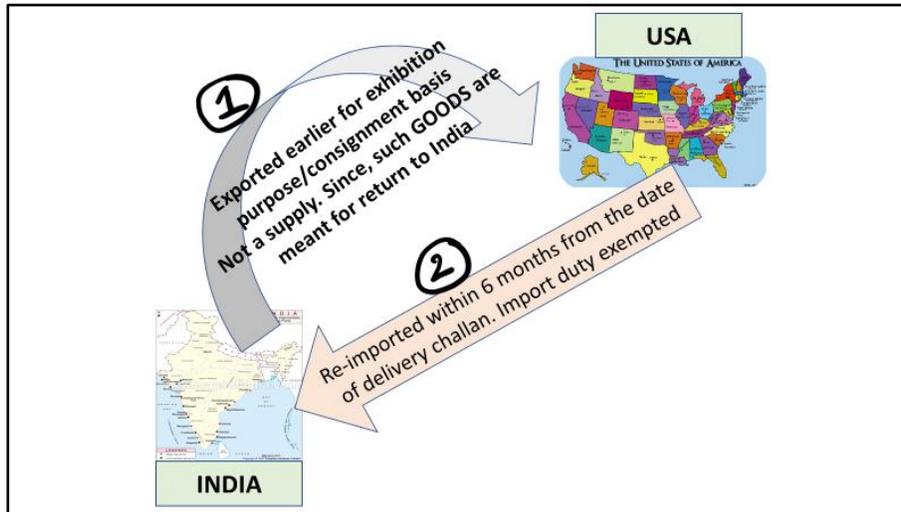
This exemption is available only if the importer, by the execution of bond, in such form and for such sum as may be specified by the Commissioner of Customs, binds himself:

- (a) to pay IGST under section 5(1) of the IGST Act, 2017 on supply of service covered by item 1(b) or 5(f) of Schedule II of the CGST Act, 2017;
- (b) not to sell or part with the goods, without the prior permission of the Commissioner of Customs of the port of importation;
- (c) to re-export the goods within 3 months of the expiry of the period for which they were supplied under a transaction covered by item 1(b) or 5(f) of Schedule II of CGST Act, 2017
- (d) to pay on demand an amount equal to the IGST payable on the said goods but for the exemption under this Notification in the event of violation of any of the above conditions.

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## IMPORT AND EXPORT PROCEDURE

Goods which were exported earlier for exhibition purpose/consignment basis [Circular No. 21/2019 Cus dated 24.07.2019]



Export General Manifest now called as departure manifest or an export manifest

**w.e.f. 1-8-2019**, "The person-in-charge of a conveyance carrying export goods or imported goods or any other person as may be specified by the Central Government, by notification, shall, before departure of the conveyance from a customs station, deliver to the proper officer in the case of a vessel or aircraft, a departure manifest or an export manifest by presenting electronically, and in the case of a vehicle, an export report, in such form and manner as may be prescribed and in case, such person-in-charge or other person fails to deliver the departure manifest or export manifest or the export report or any part thereof within such time, and the proper officer is satisfied that there is no sufficient cause for such delay, such person-in-charge or other person shall be liable to pay penalty not exceeding **fifty thousand rupees**".

**w.e.f. 1-8-2019 VERIFICATION OF IDENTITY AND COMPLIANCE**

The proper officer, authorised in this behalf by the Principal Commissioner of Customs or the Commissioner of Customs, as the case may be, may, for the purposes of ascertaining compliance of the provisions of this Act or any other law for the time being in force, require a person, whose verification he considers necessary for protecting the interest of revenue or for preventing smuggling etc.,