

SL NO	QUESTIONS	OPTION 1	OPTION 2	OPTION 3	OPTION 4
1	How many minimum members are required to form a public limited company?	3	4	6	7
2	In order to be a Govt. Company, 51% shares shall be held by: -	Central Govt.	State Govt.	Both Central and State Govt. jointly	Any or all of the above
3	In case of "limited" companies, what is limited?	Shares	Liability of members	Capital of the company	Powers of the shareholders
4	Restriction in transfer of shares can be there in	Private Ltd. company	Public Ltd. Company	Govt. company	Unlimited company
5	Foreign company is a company, registered out of India and	Having a place of business in India	Conducts any business in India	Need not have any business in India	Either (1) or (2)
6	Company which do not have any significant accounting transaction is called	Asocial Company	Non-functional company	Dormant company	Sleeping company
7	Life Insurance Corporation is:	A statutory corp. but not PFI	A statutory corp. and PFI	Govt. Company	None of the above
8	Persons who sign the MOA are called:	Promoters	Shareholders	Subscribers to MOA	Members
9	Certificate of incorporation is issued by: -	Regional director	Registrar of companies	Central Govt.	None of the above
10	Declaration by professional at the time of incorporation of a company means declaration by	Practicing CS	Practicing CA	Practicing CMA	Any of the above.
11	Change of registered office within a city, town or village requires	Special Resolution	Board Resolution	Approval of CG	None of the above
12	Section 8 companies cannot:	Generate surplus	Make profit	Distribute dividend	Profit is to given to Govt.
13	ABC Ltd. is registered in India with 100% shares being held by KYZ Ltd., a company registered in UK having no business in India. ABC Ltd. is a:	An Indian Company	Foreign company	Wholly owned subsidiary of a foreign company but Indian Company	Does not come under definition of foreign company
14	ABC Ltd. has 35% shares in XYZ Ltd. The majority of directors of XYZ Ltd. are appointed and removed by ABC Ltd. XYZ Ltd. is:	Subsidiary of ABC Ltd.	Not a subsidiary of ABC Ltd.	Depends on Board of ABC Ltd.	Depends on Board of XYZ Ltd.
15	A guarantee company is similar to:	Unlimited company	LLP	Partnership	Sole proprietorship
16	Once a company is converted into LLP, intimation to ROC has to been made within:	10 days	15days.	20days	25 days
17	Which chapter of the Companies Act, 2013, deals with foreign companies?	XX	XXI	XXII	XXIII
18	In case of secured debentures of public issue, the security is created I favour of:	Public	SEBI	Merchant banker	Debenture trustee
19	Fully convertible debenture is a:	debt instrument	equity instrument	hybrid instrument	None of the above
20	Register of deposit:	is voluntary	is mandatory but particulars may vary	is mandatory with particulars as per Rules	Not to be maintained at all



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21	A debenture trustee can be:	Any bank	Any NBFC	any merchant banker	Any entity registered with SEBI as such
22	"loan" in parlance to Companies Act, means:	short term loan for revenue purpose	long term loans	cash credit	working capital
23	In case of deposits by the company,	no brokerage can be given	any amount of brokerage can be given	rate of brokerage shall be as per RBI Regulations	rate of brokerage shall be as per SEB Regulations
24	Once declared in AGM, dividend	May be revoked	Cannot be revoked	May be reduced	Payment can be delayed
25	IEPF stands for	Investor Employment and Protection Fund	Investor Education and Publicity Fund	nvestor Entrepreneurship and Protection	Investor Education and Protection Fund
26	Once declared, the amount of dividend shall be transferred to special dividend A/c within	3 days	5 days	10 days	15 days
27	A practicing Chartered Accountant may be appointed as Auditor for term of:	3 yrs	5 yrs	8 yrs	10 yrs
28	Directors Responsibility Statement is a part of: -	Annual Accounts	Auditors' Report	Board Report	None of the above
29	NFRA stands for:	National Financial Reporting Authority	National Fiscal Reporting Authority	Non-Financial Reporting Authority	National Financial Reforms Authority
30	A statutory Auditor shall be-	ACS	CMA	Practicing CA	Any of the above
31	In normal course, the Board's Report is signed by –	Chairman without Authority of Board	Chairman with Authority of Board	MD	Any director
32	CAG stands for:	Controller of Audit of Govt.		Company Auditor General	None of the above
33	The Financial statements are to be filed with the Registrar within-	15 days of AGM	31st October of any year	30 days of AGM	60 days of AGM
34	In case of private company, internal auditor has to be appointed if the turnover is:	Rs. 100 Crores or more	Rs. 150 Crores or more	Rs. 200 Crores or more	Rs. 300 Crores or more
35	Auditors Report is addressed to:	Board of directors	Central Govt.	Audit Committee	Shareholders
36	CARO,2020 is effective from: -	1.4.2019	1.4.2020	1.4.2021	1.4.2022
37	First Auditor is appointed by-	CG	CAG	Board of Directors	Shareholders
38	Auditor can render the following additional service to the company where he is auditor:	Internal Audit	Accounting and book keeping	Investment Advisory services	None of the above
39	Additional director's tenure is up to	Next Board meeting	Next AGM	5 years from the date of appointment	Date of superannuation
40	Alternate director may be appointed when the additional is out of India for at least	1 month	2 months	3 months	4 months
41	A women director has to be there is the company is:	A listed company	With turnover of Rs.300 crore or more	Either of the above	None of the above



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42	Section 184 of the Companies Act provides for:	Ordinary	Board	Special	None
43	A whole time director is appointed for a term of:	2 yrs	3 yrs.	5 yrs.	10 yrs.
44	If a person other than retiring director is proposed, a cheque of is to be deposited with the proposal.	Rs.50,000	Rs.75,000	Rs.1 lakh	Rs.2 lakhs
45	A director may be appointed by small shareholder. Small shareholder means, shareholders who hold shares worth of face value of maximum,	Rs.5,000	Rs. 10,000	Rs.15,000	Rs.20,000
46	A company may remove a director with –	Board Resolution	Ordinary resolution of shareholders	Special Resolution of shareholders	Approval of ROC
47	Managing Director's appointment is ratified in AGM through-	Ordinary	Special	No AGM resolution is required	None of the above
48	Section 203 provides for appointment of	KMP	CS	MD	WTD
49	The eligibility and conditions of appointment of MD is mentioned in Schedule	I	II	IV	V
50	Maximum remuneration to all managerial personnel is-	5%	8%	11%	15%
51	Independent directors are not entitled to get-	Sitting fee	Reimbursement of expenses	Stock option	Commission on profit
52	Board's Report is addressed to-	Central Govt.	Stock exchange	Members	ROC
53	Power of Board of directors may be restricted subject to:	Companies Act	Articles of Association	Resolution of general meeting	Any or all of the above
54	Related party transaction is provided under Schedule:	188	189	190	191
55	Majority of audit committee members shall be:	Executive director	Non-executive	Independent	None of the above
56	Independent directors, separately. shall meet in a calendar year.	Once	Twice	Thrice	Not meet
57	For Board meeting, quorum as per the Act is:	One third of the total no. of directors	Two third of the total no. of directors	One third of the total no. of director or two, whichever is higher	Half of the total no. of directors
58	If of the directors require that a resolution under circulation be placed in the Board meeting for decision, it has to be complied with.	All director	Two-third	One-third	Three-fourth
59	Minutes of the Board meeting are to be signed by-	Chairman of the company	Chairman of the present meeting or next meeting	Chairman of the company, whether he was present in the meeting or not	None of the above
60	Minutes of Board meeting are to be preserved for-	5 yrs	8 yrs	10 yrs	permanently
61	Minutes are supposed to be kept at:	Registered office	Head office	Any office	Any of the above
62	SFIO stands for	Serious Fraud Institution Office	Serious Fraud Investigating Organization	Serious Fraud Investigating Office	None of the above



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63	The decision to authorize buy back by Board can be made by-	Resolution by circulation	Only in board meeting	Any of the above	None of the above
64	In case chairman is executive, at least of the Board members shall be independent director.	1/3rd	2/3rd	1/2 half	Majority
65	Majority of members of the audit committee shall be-	Executive directors	Non-executive director	Nominated director	Independent directors
66	Board of directors are supposed to address their report to –	Central Govt.	NCLT	SEBI	None of the above
67	The provisions relating to investigation are provided in which chapter of the Act?	XIIB	XIII	XIV	XV
68	If a company wants to punish an employee or officer of a company, it has to take permission of:	ROC	CG	NCLT	High Court
69	The investigating officer has the power of inspection, taking evidence etc. as per	Civil Procedure Code	Criminal Procedure Code	Companies Act	None of the above
70	In case of merger, the transferor company is:	Continues to exist	Dissolved	Shall have to go through liquidation process	Goes under the tribunal control
71	The Auditors has to confirm in the scheme that	It is in conformity with the Accounting Standard	It is in compliance with the Companies Act	Both (1) and (2)	None of the above
72	On amalgamation, the following are transferred to the transferee company	Rights	Liabilities	Both above	None of the above
73	When a transferor company is a listed company and transferee company is any unlisted company, the transferee company	Becomes a listed company	Continues to an unlisted company and can never be a listed company	Continues to be an unlisted company unless it is listed by complying with listing requirement	Any of the above
74	Powers of the majority is subject	Companies Act	Common law	Memorandum of association	All of the above
75	Any Act done by directors beyond authority, is considered as;	unauthorized	illegal	ultra vires	None of the above
76	A case of oppression, application may be made on:	fraud on minority	ultra vires act	breach of duty	Any or all of the above
77	Application has to be made for relief of oppression to	Central Govt.	NCLT	ROC	None of the above
78	Powers of the tribunal is listed in section:	240	241	242	243
79	Statutory auditor can also function as:	Internal Auditor	Financial Adviser	Accounting Solutions Advisor	Tax Auditor
80	A CFO of a company has to be a:	Chartered accountant	Cost accountant	MBA	None of the above.
81	Sitting fee of Board meetings and Board Committee meetings:	shall have to be same	may not be same	shall have to be different	None of the above
82	Disclosure of interest by director is:	one time feature at the time of appointment	annual feature	event based, being interested due to some event	all or any of the above



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83	Quorum of aboard meeting istotal strength of the Board:	1/4th	1/3rd	half	1/3rd or two whichever is higher
84	In case of merger of A ltd with B Ltd., A lTd is:	liquidated	dissolved	sold	closed down
85	Dividend Distribution Policy of a company is decided by:	Board of directors	shareholders in general meeting	Stock exchange	SEBI
86	Companies shall not make investment through more thanlayer of investment companies	1	2	3	4
87	Rate of interest in deposit is guided by	SEBI	RBI	MCA	MOF
88	No eligible company shall accept or renew deposit from its members up to:	5%	10%	15%	20%
89	Interim dividend is decided by:	Board of Directors	AGM	CMD	Audit Committee
90	Books of accounts can be inspected by:	MD only	any director	any shareholder	any public on payment of fees
91	Accounting Standards are prescribed by:	Central Govt	SEBI	Institute of Chartered Accountants of India	None of the above
92	The Board Report is signed by:	MD	any director	CS	None of the above
93	Zenith Ltd. Is a company registered in USA and doing business in USA. As per Indian law, this is a:	foreign company	not a foreign company	It will be a foreign company once it starts business in India	both (2) and (3) is correct.
94	A sectorial company is supposed to comply with:	Companies act only	Sectorial laws only	Both Companies Act and sector laws	All statements are correct
95	Articles of association can be altered by:	Ordinary resolution	Special resolution	Resolution requiring special notice	None of the above
96	Shifting of register office from one state to another, would require	special resolution only	special resolution and Central Govt.(CG) approval	only CG approval	only Board approval
97	The following members of a company shall have the right to apply under Section 241, for oppression namely:	company;	or not less than one- tenth of the total number of its members, whichever is less, or any member or members holding not less than one tenth of the issued share capital of the company;	company not having a share capital, not less than one-fifth of the total number of its members.	Any of the above.
98	The Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code passed by the Parliament in the year:	2014	2015	2016	2017



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99	The Code applies to:	All companies registered under Companies Act;	LLP	Partnership	All of the above
100	The Code applies to:	Bank	Insurance company	Asset reconstruction company	None of the above
101	An entity in favour of whom security interest is created is called:	unsecured creditor	financial creditor	operational creditor	secured creditor
102	In normal course, the corporate insolvency resolution process shall be completed within a period ofdays from the date of admission of the application.	120	180	210	240
103	The RP has to manage the company as:	Loosing concern	Going concern	Selling concern	Profitable concern
104	As per section 22(1)The first meeting of the COC will be held within days of constitution	5	6	7	8
105	A Resolution Professional may be replaced with of the voting rights of the Committee of Creditors	51	66	75	80
106	The adjudicating authority in case of personal insolvency is:	NCLT	Debt Recovery Tribunal	RBI	SEBI
107	During bankruptcy proceeding, bankrupt, shall:	not be appointed as trustee, public servant , election of local authority,	not to act as director, taking part in formation of companies	disclose in all transaction about the bankruptcy proceedings,	all or any of the above
108	Under Insolvency Bankruptcy code 2016 where extension of time is requested, the Corporate Resolution process shall be completed within a period of from the date of admission of the application to initiate such process.	60 days	90 days	180 days	240 days
109	Insolvency and Bankruptcy code 2016 is not applicable on:	Financial Service Providers	Partnership Firms and Individuals	Limited Liability Partnership (LLP)	Companies Incorporated under Companies Act
110	With the introduction of IB code, the following laws have been repealed:	Chapter XIX and Chapter XX of Companies Act, 2013	1956	SICA Act, 1985	All the above.
111	The Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board has power of	Session Court	High Court	Supreme Court	Civil Court
112	The following institutions are insolvency professional agency	Institute of Cost Accountants of India	Institute of Chartered Accountants of India	Institute of Company Secretaries	All of them



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113	The authority provided under the IBBI to administer and regulate the Law is:	IBBI	Insolvency professional	Insolvency professional agency	None of the above.
114	Related party, in relation to a corporate debtor, means:	a director or partner or a relative of a director or partner of the corporate debtor		a limited liability partnership or a partnership firm in which a director, partner, or manager of the corporate debtor or his relative is a partner;	all of the above
115	A person under IBC is:	a Hindu Undivided Family	a company	a trust	All of the above
116	A person shall not be eligible to submit a resolution plan, if such person, or any other person acting jointly or in concert with such person -	is an undischarged insolvent;	is a willful defaulter of the time of submission of resolution plan,	At the time of submission of plan, has an account, or an account of a corporate debtor under the management or control of such person or of whom such person is a promoter, classified as non-performing asset.	All of the above
117	Three Ps of triple bottom line are:	planet, people and purpose	planet, people and profit	planet, profit and purpose	planet, profit and period
118	At which level corporate governance is more relevant in a company?	top level	middle level	lower level	all levels
119	which among the following would amount to undesirable practice by a senior executive of a company	using published information of the competitor for his company's benefit	using unpublished information of the competitor for his company's benefit	using un published and secret information of the competitor obtained from undisclosed and unfair source for his company's benefit	lure the executives of the competitor to join his company.
120	Which, out of the following would not amount to Sustainable Development activity.	rain water harvesting	paddy cultivation	solar energy	plantation of sapling for forestation
121	corporate governance practices are almostby companies in India.	formalised	regulated	accepted	rejected



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122	The latest committee on Corporate governance was:	Narayan Murthy	Kotak committee	Kumar Mangalam	Rahul Bajaj
		committee		Birla committee	Committee
123	The ideal implementing agency of CSR projects, should be:	section 8 company	trust	society	one of the above
124	Economic approach to sustainability relates to:	planet	profit	people	none of the above
125	Corporate governance is more about:	achieving results	managing things	method of managing a company	fair method of managing a company
126	The items under Schedule VII of the Act, should be:	strictly interpreted	liberally interpreted	depends on the company	only a guideline
127	CG practises should target to keep balance amongst:	all shareholders	all employees	employees and shareholders	All stakeholders
128	When a company evaluates an implementing agency, first step is to :	local feedback	interviewing the officials	inspection of site	examining documents
129	Every CSR activity is ultimately for the:	company	govt.	implementing agency	beneficiary
130	The CSR fund earmarked for on going project, needs to be spent within:	one year	two years	three years	Four years
131	Clause 49A which was the first major compliance of corporate governance by listed companies was on the basis of recommendation of:	Narayan Murthy committee	Kotak committee	Kumar Mangalam Birla committee	Rahul Bajaj Committee
132	Corpoarate governance is close to:	ethical conduct of business	managerial conduct of business	target oriented business	none of the above
133	A foreign entity cannot be:	implementing agency of CSR project in India	advisor	trainer	consultant
134	Some of the reasons for which companies cannot practice good governance may be:	narrow mind-set of the promoters	financial problem in the company	unhealthy completion in the market	or any of the above.
135	A company sponsors the expenditure of a primary school of physically disabled students having 200 students. Three employees' children, being physical disabled, have also been admitted in that school:	the school will qualify as CSR project as admission of the employees' children is incidental	project as there are students who are	depends on how the company represents the same to the auditors	depends on Board of Directors
136	Which will not qualify as CSR expenditure	direct donation to a unrecognised charitable organisation	contribution to fund under schedule VII of the Act	any activity under schedule VII	Direct implementation of a CSR project by the company
137	Advantages of direct implementation of CSR activity by the company are:	Flexible, since, even small decisions also are taken by the company	Better supervision, since it is being directly implemented	Quick decision making	All of the above



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138	Advantages of third party implementation of CSR prjects, are:	expertise	Better supervision at site	unbiased	all of the above
139	CG ratings are done by :	commercial banks	RBI	Credit Rating Agencies	SEBI
140	Audit committee can:	interact with statutory auditors only	interact with internal auditors only	interact with both statutory and internal auditors	none if the above
141	The recommendation of the Audit Committee:	may not be accepted by Board of Directors	has to be accepted by Board	In case not accepted, Board has to records the reasons	Recommendation need not go to Board meetings
142	Which of the following is the advantage of the family business over non-family business?	Staff recruitment	Raising funds for growth	Ownership vs. Management	Deep industry insight
143	Maximum days for keeping an issue open is;	7	8	9	10
144	At the time of IPO, the issuer has to have a:	CFO	MD	designated Compliance officer	at least one independent director
145	Which of the flowing do not require prospects	Rights issue	Bonus issue	IPO	FPO
146	Minimum face value of shares, can be:	Rs.10	Rs. 5	Rs. 1	Rs. 15
147	Takeover means	buying few shares	acquiring 10%	acquiring shares which will give control over the management	none of the above
148	The purpose of the SEBI Act is to provide for the establishment of a Board called Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). The Preamble to the Act provides for the establishment of a Board to:	Protect the interests of investors in securities	Promote the development of the securities market	To regulate the securities market	All of the above
149	SEBI has three functions rolled into one body. Which of the following is not the function of SEBI?	Quasi-legislative	Quasi-judicial	Quasi-executive	Quasi-official
150	For the appointment, reappointment, remuneration and removal of the director of a banking company, prior approval of should be obtained.	Chairman	RBI	Managing Director	Finance Secretary
151	The Competition Act has replaced-	Companies Act, 1956	Consumer Protection Act	MRTP Act, 1969	None
152	The turnover threshold for individual company, operating in India, in combination is crores.	Rs. 4,000	Rs. 6,000	Rs. 8,000	Rs.10,000
153	Which is not the objective of CCI.	To promote start-up company	competition,	protect the interests of the consumers	competitive practices,
154	Selling products/services below the cost is called	Undercut pricing	Under invoicing	Predatory pricing	Introductory pricing



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155	presence out of India shall not be required to take CCI approval in case of merger.	2 billion	3 billion	4 billion	10 billion
156	Which of the following is not the type of unfair competition?	Collusive price fixing	Creation of barriers to entry	Tie in purchase A	Predatory pricing
157	Which of the following is not the objective of Competition Act, 2002?	To prevent practices having adverse effect on competition	To prevent competition in market	To protect the interest of the consumers	To ensure freedom of trade carried on by the other participant in marketing India and for matter connected there with or incidental thereto.
158	Unfair competition under the Competition Act, 2002 means adoption of practices viz	collusive price fixing	allocation of markets.	discriminatory pricing etc.	All of the above
159	An association of producers, sellers or distributors, traders or service providers who, by agreement amongst themselves, limit, control or attempt to control the production, distribution, sale or price of or trade in goods or provision of services is known as	Acquisition	Agreement	Cartel	Pool
160	Which of the following is not the benefits of CSR Programme?	Mutual trust	Attracting and retaining employees	Communities as suppliers	Enhancing corporate reputation
161	Any person aggrieved by any order of Competition Appellate Tribunal (COMPAT), may file an appeal to the Hon'ble Supreme Court within days, from the date of receipt of the order of Appellate Tribunal.	30 days	45 days	60 days	90 days
162	The Chairperson and every other Member shall hold office for a term of years from the date on which he enters upon his office.	2	3	5	10
163	The Commission also has the power to impose a fine which may extend up to of the total turnover or the assets of the combination, whichever is higher, for failure to give notice to the Commission of the combination	2%	1%	0	3%
164	The Commission, may, notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, by order in writing, direct division of an enterprise enjoying dominant position to ensure that such enterprise does not abuse its dominant position. The order may provide for the following matters, namely:	the transfer or vesting of property, rights, liabilities or obligations.	the adjustment of contracts either by discharge or reduction of any liability or obligation or otherwise	the creation, allotment, surrender or cancellation of any shares, stocks or securities	all the above



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165	If the Commission does not, on the expiry of a period ofdays from the date of notice given to the Commission referred to in Section 29(2), pass an order or issue direction in accordance with the provisions of sub-Section (1) or (2) or (7), the combination shall be deemed to have been approved by the Commission	210	180	260	300
166	Automatic route in FDI means.	1	Prior permission of Central Govt. not required	Prior permission of neither RBI nor Central Govt.is required	None of the above
167	For investment in market securities, FIIs are to be registered with:	Ministry of Corporate Affairs	RBI	SEBI	none of the above
168	DPIIT comes under :	Industry and Commerce	Finance	Corporate affairs	none of the above.
169	Sale of shares from a resident to non resident is:	current account transaction	capital account transaction	any of the above	None of the above.
170	FDI is prohibited in the which of the following sectors:	Lottery Business including Government/ private lottery, online lotteries.	Gambling and betting including casinos.	Chit funds	All of the above
171	Individuals can avail of foreign exchange facility for the following purposes within the LRS limit on financial year basis for the following:	Private visits to any country (except Nepal and Bhutan)	Gift or donation Going abroad for employment	Emigration	all of the above
172	Eligible borrower can raise up to million US\$ through ECB in automatic route	500	750	1,000	1250
173	Total maximum remittance during a financial year under LRS scheme is:	US \$ 1,00,000	US \$ 1.25.000	US \$ 1,50,000	US \$ 2,50,000



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174	The following remittance is prohibited		Remittance from India for margins or margin calls to overseas exchanges/overseas counterparty.	Remittances for purchase of FCCBs issued by Indian companies in the overseas secondary market	All of the above
175	Zenith Ltd. is accompany registered in UK, issues shares to citizen of UK. Under the Indian law, the shares are;	foreign security	Indian security	any of the above	none of the above
176	FEMA foreign currency transaction.	encourages	prohibits	restricts	none
177	NPA stands for:	Non Productive asset	Non Performance Asset	National Productivity asset	none of the above
178	Banking Regulation Act was enacted in the year:	1940	1942	1947	1949
179	Cash reserve ratio should bepercent of the total time and demand liabilities	1	2	3	4
180	SLR stands for:	Special Liquidity Ratio	Statutory Liquidity Reserve	Special Liquidity Reserve	None of the above
181	Banking companies cannot pay dividend unless following are completely written off.	preliminary expenses	brokerage	commission	all of the above
182	Asset Reconstruction Companies are to be registered with:	SEBI	RBI	MCA	none of the above
183	The judicial authority under SARFESI is:	SEBI	RBI	DRT	MCA
184	Amalgamation of banking companies require % voting of shareholders;	3/4th	One half	two third	One fourth
185	Every banking company shall maintain liquid assets not less than	5	10	20	25
186	Every Banking Company incorporated in India shall prepare a balance sheet and profit and loss account as on the last working day of the -	Calendar Year	Accounting Year	Month	None of the above
187	According to Banking Regulation Act 1949, no Banking Company shall pay dividend on its shares until all its -	Depreciation is fully written off.	"Capitalized expenses" have been completely written off	Bad debts are provided in full.	Contingent liability is settled.



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188	Minimum paid up capital for a life insurance business isCrore	50	75	100	125
189	Banking Regulation Act was enacted in the year:	1940	1942	1947	1949
190	Officer appointed by Central Govt. is called:	IRDA	Controller of Insurance	Insurance Commissioner	None of the above.
191	in case of insurance company % of assets have to be remained invested in Govt. securities	10	15	20	25
192	Actuarial valuation on life insurance business has to be done once in	1 years	2 years	3 years	4 years
193	Insurance policy made by an insurer shall not be questioned after years.	1 years	2 years	3 years	4 years
194	Insurance business is regulated by:	SEBI	RBI	MCA	none of the above
195	IRDA was established in the year:	1999	2000	2,001	2002
196	No insurer carrying on the business of life insurance and general insurance, shall be registered unless he has minimum paid up capital of	50 crores	200 crores	150 crores	100 crores
197	The Chairman of the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority shall hold office for a term of from the date on which he enters upon his office and should be eligible for reappointment	3 years	4 years	5 years	6 years
198	The amount credited to The Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority Fund shall consist of:	all Government grants, fees and charges received by the Authority;	the Authority from	the percentage of prescribed premium income received from the insurer;	all of the above
199	IRDA shall, within after the close of each financial year, submit to the Central Government a report giving a true and full account of its activities including the activities for promotion and development of the insurance business during the previous financial year.	nine months	three months	one month	six months
200	The principle of ensures that an insured does not profit by insuring with multiple insurers.	Subrogation	Contribution	Co-insurance	Indemnity
201	An actuary is expected to:	Make an exact forecast of the future liabilities of policies	liabilities of policies	Calculate the premium required to cover a risk on a long- term basis	Find the probability of an insured event to happen in non-life policies
202	The Insurance Laws (Amendment) Act, was passed in the year	2015	2016	2017	2018



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203	"life insurance business" means the business of effecting contracts of insurance upon human life, including any contract whereby the payment of money is assured on death (except death by accident only) or the happening of any contingency dependent on human life, and any contract which is subject to payment of premiums for a term dependent on human life and shall be deemed to include:	the granting of disability and double or triple indemnity accident benefits, if so provided in the contract of insurance	the granting of annuities upon human life, and	the granting of superannuation allowances and benefits payable out of any fund applicable solely to the relief and maintenance of persons engaged or who have been engaged in any particular profession, trade or employment or of the dependents of such persons.	all the above
204	The amount of indemnity may be limited by certain conditions which may be:	Injury or loss sustained by the insured has to be proved.	The indemnity is limited to the amount specified in the policy.	The insured is indemnified only for the proximate causes.	Any or all of the above.
205	In the case of fire and motor accident insurance the insurable interest has to be present	both at the time of taking the policy and at the time of the accident	At the time of taking the policy	At the time of happening of the event	None of the above
206	NSIC stands for:	National Social Institute Corporation	National Small Institute Corporation	National Scheme for Industries and companies	National Small Industries Corporation.
207	IF a unit has investment in plant an equipment of Rs.55 crore and turnover of Rs.300 crore. It will be classified as:	micro	small	medium	none of the above
208	While calculating the value of assets for ascertaining the classification, the value of the following is excluded.	land	furniture and fittings	none of the above	both of the (1) and (2)
209	While calculating the value of assets for ascertaining the classification, the value of the following is excluded.	any sales	domestic sales	exports	none of the above
210	Certifying Authority get licence to operate from:	Ministry of IT	SEBI	Controller of Certifying Authority	none of the above
211	Which among the following is not an offence under IT Act.	tampering with computer source documents.	hacking: destruction, deletion, alteration of nay data in any computer with an intention of damage/injury	misrepresentation to controller or certifying authorities	Controller of Certifying Authority



SL NO	QUESTIONS	OPTION 1	OPTION 2	OPTION 3	OPTION 4
212	Information Technology (Reasonable Security Practices And Procedures And Sensitive Personal Data Or Information) Rules, was notified in the year:	2011	2012	2,013	2014
213	OSBI stands for	Operational source Business Inteeeligence	Open source business Innovation	Open source Business intelligence	none
214	The key benefits that businesses can get from BI applications include the ability to:	speed up and improve decision-making;	optimize internal business processes;	increase operational efficiency and productivity;	all of the above
215	Decision of Cyber appellate Tribunal can be appealed to;	High Court	supreme Court	None of the above	not appealable
216	Information Technology (Reasonable Security Practices And Procedures And Sensitive Personal Data Or Information) Rules, 2011.	only apply to bodies corporate and persons located in India.	only apply to bodies corporate and persons located out of India.	Apply to individuals	All of the above
217	Which among the following is not a Cyber crimes under the IT Act:	Tampering with Computer source documents.	Hacking with Computer systems, Data alteration.	Publishing obscene information	Sending threatening messages by email
218	Which of the following is not an cyber Offence to Public	Terrorism	Warfare:	Piracy	Data alteration
219	Access someone's computer without the right authorization of the owner and does not disturb, alter, misuse, or damage data or system by using wireless internet connection, is called:	Squatting	Vandalism	Hacking	Trespass
220	Every reporting entity shall maintain record of:		All series of integrated transaction below Rs.10 Lakh per month	All transaction of receipt of Rs.10 lakhs and more on its equivalent foreign currency	All of the above
221	FIU stands for:	Financial Intelligence unit	Financial Issue unit	Featured Intelligence Unit	None of the above
222	In part B of the schedule, offences involved a value of Rs is mentioned.	15 Lakh	50 lakh	75 lakh	One crore
223	STR stands for:	Suspicious Trade Report	Special Trade Reserve	Suspicious Transaction Reports	Special Trade Reports
224	Reporting authority shall send the KYC data to Central Registry within days	5	10	15	20
225	he Money Launderer introduces the illegal funds into the financial systems. This is called:	Placement	Layering	Integration	None of the above
226	The cases under PMLA can be tried n:	Common courts	High courts only	Special designated courts	none of the above.



SL NO	QUESTIONS	CORRECT ANSWER
1	How many minimum members are required to form a public	7
	limited company?	
2	In order to be a Govt. Company, 51% shares shall be held by: -	Any or all of the above
3	In case of "limited" companies, what is limited?	Liability of members
4	Restriction in transfer of shares can be there in	Private Ltd. company
5	Foreign company is a company, registered out of India and	Either (a) or (b)
6	Company which do not have any significant accounting transaction is called	Dormant company
7	Life Insurance Corporation is:	A statutory corp. and PFI
8	Persons who sign the MOA are called:	Subscribers to MOA
9	Certificate of incorporation is issued by: -	Registrar of companies
10	Declaration by professional at the time of incorporation of a	Any of the above.
	company means declaration by	
11	Change of registered office within a city, town or village requires	Board Resolution
12	Section 8 companies cannot:	Distribute dividend
13	ABC Ltd. is registered in India with 100% shares being held by	An Indian Company
10	KYZ Ltd., a company registered in UK having no business in India. ABC Ltd. is a:	1,
14	ABC Ltd. is a. ABC Ltd. has 35% shares in XYZ Ltd. The majority of directors of	Subsidiary of ABC Ltd.
14	XYZ Ltd. are appointed and removed by ABC Ltd. XYZ Ltd. is:	Subsidiary of ABC Ltd.
15	A guarantee company is similar to:	LLP
16	Once a company is converted into LLP, intimation to ROC has to	15days.
	been made within:	
17	Which chapter of the Companies Act, 2013, deals with foreign companies?	XXII
18	In case of secured debentures of public issue, the security is created I favour of:	Debenture trustee
19	Fully convertible debenture is a:	debt instrument
20	Register of deposit:	is mandatory with particulars as per Rules
21	A debenture trustee can be:	Any entity registered with SEBI as such
22	"loan" in parlance to Companies Act, means:	cash credit
23	In case of deposits by the company,	rate of brokerage shall be as per RBI Regulations
24	Once declared in AGM, dividend	Cannot be revoked
25	IEPF stands for	Investor Education and Protection Fun
26	Once declared, the amount of dividend shall be transferred to special dividend A/c within	5 days
27	A practicing Chartered Accountant may be appointed as Auditor for term of:	5 yrs
28	Directors Responsibility Statement is a part of: -	Board Report
29	NFRA stands for:	National Financial Reporting Authorit
30	A statutory Auditor shall be-	Practicing CA
31	In normal course, the Board's Report is signed by –	Chairman with Authority of Board
32	CAG stands for:	Comptroller of Auditor General
33	The Financial statements are to be filed with the Registrar within-	30 days of AGM
34	In case of private company, internal auditor has to be appointed if the turnover is:	Rs. 200 Crores or more
35	Auditors Report is addressed to:	Shareholders
36	CARO,2020 is effective from: -	1.4.2021
37	First Auditor is appointed by-	Board of Directors

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SL NO	QUESTIONS	CORRECT ANSWER
38	Auditor can render the following additional service to the company where he is auditor:	None of the above
39	Additional director's tenure is up to	Next AGM
40	Alternate director may be appointed when the additional is out of India for at least	3 months
41	A women director has to be there is the company is:	Either of the above
42	Section 184 of the Companies Act provides for:	None
43	A whole time director is appointed for a term of:	5 yrs.
44	If a person other than retiring director is proposed, a cheque of is to be deposited with the proposal.	Rs. 1 lakh
45	A director may be appointed by small shareholder. Small shareholder means, shareholders who hold shares worth of face value of maximum,	Rs.20,000
46	A company may remove a director with –	Ordinary resolution of shareholders
47	Managing Director's appointment is ratified in AGM through-	Ordinary
48	Section 203 provides for appointment of	KMP
49	The eligibility and conditions of appointment of MD is mentioned in Schedule	V
50	Maximum remuneration to all managerial personnel is-	11%
51	Independent directors are not entitled to get-	Stock option
52	Board's Report is addressed to-	Members
53	Power of Board of directors may be restricted subject to:	Any or all of the above
54	Related party transaction is provided under Schedule:	188
55	Majority of audit committee members shall be:	Independent
56	Independent directors, separately. shall meet in a calendar year.	Once
57	For Board meeting, quorum as per the Act is:	One third of the total no. of director or two, whichever is higher
58	If of the directors require that a resolution under circulation be placed in the Board meeting for decision, it has to be complied with.	
59	Minutes of the Board meeting are to be signed by-	Chairman of the present meeting or next meeting
60	Minutes of Board meeting are to be preserved for-	permanently
61	Minutes are supposed to be kept at:	Registered office
62	SFIO stands for	Serious Fraud Investigating Office
63	The decision to authorize buy back by Board can be made by-	Only in board meeting
64	In case chairman is executive, at least of the Board members shall be independent director.	1/2 half
65	Majority of members of the audit committee shall be-	Independent directors
66	Board of directors are supposed to address their report to –	SEBI
67	The provisions relating to investigation are provided in which chapter of the Act?	XIV
68	If a company wants to punish an employee or officer of a company, it has to take permission of:	NCLT
69	The investigating officer has the power of inspection, taking evidence etc. as per	Civil Procedure Code
70	In case of merger, the transferor company is:	Dissolved
71	The Auditors has to confirm in the scheme that	It is in conformity with the Accounting Standard
72	On amalgamation, the following are transferred to the transferee company	Both above
73	When a transferor company is a listed company and transferee company is any unlisted company, the transferee company	Continues to be an unlisted company unless it is listed by complying with listing requirement
74	Powers of the majority is subject	All of the above

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SL NO	QUESTIONS	CORRECT ANSWER
75	Any Act done by directors beyond authority, is considered as;	ultra vires
76	A case of oppression, application may be made on:	Any or all of the above
77	Application has to be made for relief of oppression to	ROC
78	Powers of the tribunal is listed in section:	242
79	Statutory auditor can also function as:	Tax Auditor
80	A CFO of a company has to be a:	None of the above.
81	Sitting fee of Board meetings and Board Committee meetings:	may not be same
81	Sitting fee of Board meetings and Board Committee meetings.	may not be same
82	Disclosure of interest by director is:	all or any of the above
83	Quorum of aboard meeting istotal strength of the Board:	1/3rd or two whichever is higher
84	In case of merger of A ltd with B Ltd., A lTd is:	dissolved
85	Dividend Distribution Policy of a company is decided by:	Board of directors
86	Companies shall not make investment through more than	1
87	layer of investment companies Rate of interest in deposit is guided by	RBI
	No eligible company shall accept or renew deposit from its	10%
88	members up to:	10%
89	Interim dividend is decided by:	Board of Directors
90	Books of accounts can be inspected by:	any director
91	Accounting Standards are prescribed by:	Central Govt
92	The Board Report is signed by:	None of the above
93	Zenith Ltd. Is a company registered in USA and doing business in	both (2) and (3) is correct.
73	USA. As per Indian law, this is a:	ooti (2) tiita (3) is correct.
94	A sectorial company is supposed to comply with:	Both Companies Act and sector laws
95	Articles of association can be altered by:	Special resolution
96	Shifting of register office from one state to another, would require	special resolution and Central Govt.(CG)
		approval
97	The following members of a company shall have the right to apply under Section 241, for oppression namely:	Any of the above.
98	The Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code passed by the Parliament in the year:	2016
99	The Code applies to:	All of the above
100	The Code applies to:	None of the above
100	An entity in favour of whom security interest is created is called:	secured creditor
101		secured creditor
102	In normal course, the corporate insolvency resolution process shall	180
	be completed within a period ofdays from the date of admission of the application.	
103	The RP has to manage the company as:	Going concern
103	As per section 22(1)The first meeting of the COC will be held	7
104	within days of constitution	ľ
105	A Resolution Professional may be replaced with of the voting rights	66
103	of the Committee of Creditors	
106	The adjudicating authority in case of personal insolvency is:	Debt Recovery Tribunal
100	additional in the personal institution is	
107	During bankruptcy proceeding, bankrupt, shall:	not be appointed as trustee, public
-0.	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	servant, election of local authority,
108	Under Insolvency Bankruptcy code 2016 where extension of time is	
-00	requested, the Corporate Resolution process shall be completed	
	within a period of from the date of admission of	
	the application to initiate such process.	
		E: 10 : D :1
109	Insolvency and Bankruptcy code 2016 is not applicable on:	Financial Service Providers
109 110	Insolvency and Bankruptcy code 2016 is not applicable on: With the introduction of IB code, the following laws have been	All the above.



SL NO	QUESTIONS	CORRECT ANSWER
111	The Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board has power of	Civil Court
	Court in respect of issue of summons, discovery	
	and production of books, inspection of books/registers and issue of	
	commissions for examination of witnesses:	
112	The following institutions are insolvency professional agency	Institute of Cost Accountants of India
112	The following institutions are insorvency professional agency	mistrate of Cost / recountains of maid
113	The authority provided under the IBBI to administer and regulate	IBBI
	the Law is:	
114	Related party, in relation to a corporate debtor, means:	all of the above
115	A person under IBC is:	All of the above
116	A person shall not be eligible to submit a resolution plan, if such	All of the above
	person, or any other person acting jointly or in concert with such person -	
117	Three Ps of triple bottom line are:	planet, people and profit
118	At which level corporate governance is more relevant in a	top level
	company?	
119	which among the following would amount to undesirable practice	using un published and secret
	by a senior executive of a company	information of the competitor obtained
		from undisclosed and unfair source for
		his company's benefit
120	Which, out of the following would not amount to Sustainable	paddy cultivation
	Development activity.	
121	corporate governance practices are almostby	regulated
	companies in India.	
122	The latest committee on Corporate governance was:	Kotak committee
123	The ideal implementing agency of CSR projects, should be:	one of the above
124	Economic approach to sustainability relates to:	profit
125	Corporate governance is more about:	fair method of managing a company
126	The items under Schedule VII of the Act, should be:	liberally interpreted
127	CG practises should target to keep balance amongst:	All stakeholders
128	When a company evaluates an implementing agency, first step is to	examining documents
129	Every CSR activity is ultimately for the:	beneficiary
130	The CSR fund earmarked for on going project, needs to be spent	three years
	within:	
131	Clause 49A which was the first major compliance of corporate	Kumar Mangalam Birla committee
	governance by listed companies was on the basis of	
122	recommendation of:	ethical conduct of business
132	Corpoarate governance is close to: A foreign entity cannot be:	
133	A foreign entity cannot be:	implementing agency of CSR project in India
134	Some of the reasons for which companies cannot practice good	or any of the above.
	governance may be:	
135	A company sponsors the expenditure of a primary school of	the school will qualify as CSR project a
	physically disabled students having 200 students. Three employees'	admission of the employees' children is
	children, being physical disabled, have also been admitted in that	incidental
	school:	
136	Which will not qualify as CSR expenditure	direct donation to a unrecognised
105	All a CIP at 1 at COOP at the 1 at	charitable organisation
137	Advantages of direct implementation of CSR activity by the company are:	All of the above
138	Advantages of third party implementation of CSR prjects, are:	all of the above
139	CG ratings are done by :	Credit Rating Agencies
140	Audit committee can:	interact with both statutory and internal
		auditors
141	The recommendation of the Audit Committee:	In case not accepted, Board has to
		records the reasons



SL NO	QUESTIONS	CORRECT ANSWER
142	Which of the following is the advantage of the family business over	Deep industry insight
	non-family business?	
143	Maximum days for keeping an issue open is;	10
144	At the time of IPO, the issuer has to have a:	designated Compliance officer
145	Which of the flowing do not require prospects	Bonus issue
146	Minimum face value of shares, can be:	Rs. 1
147	Takeover means	acquiring shares which will give control over the management
148	The purpose of the SEBI Act is to provide for the establishment of a Board called Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). The Preamble to the Act provides for the establishment of a Board to:	All of the above
149	SEBI has three functions rolled into one body. Which of the following is not the function of SEBI?	Quasi-official
150	For the appointment, reappointment, remuneration and removal of the director of a banking company, prior approval of should be obtained.	RBI
151	The Competition Act has replaced-	MRTP Act, 1969
152	The turnover threshold for individual company, operating in India, in combination is crores.	Rs. 8,000
153	Which is not the objective of CCI.	protect the interests of the consumers
154	Selling products/services below the cost is called	Predatory pricing
155	The asset bases up to US \$ in case of a group having presence out of India shall not be required to take CCI approval in case of merger.	4 billion
156	Which of the following is not the type of unfair competition?	Tie in purchase A
157	Which of the following is not the objective of Competition Act, 2002?	To prevent competition in market
158	Unfair competition under the Competition Act, 2002 means adoption of practices viz	All of the above
159	An association of producers, sellers or distributors, traders or service providers who, by agreement amongst themselves, limit, control or attempt to control the production, distribution, sale or price of or trade in goods or provision of services is known as	Cartel
160	Which of the following is not the benefits of CSR Programme?	Mutual trust
161	Any person aggrieved by any order of Competition Appellate Tribunal (COMPAT), may file an appeal to the Hon'ble Supreme Court within days, from the date of receipt of the order of Appellate Tribunal.	60 days
162	The Chairperson and every other Member shall hold office for a term of years from the date on which he enters upon his office.	5
163	The Commission also has the power to impose a fine which may extend up to of the total turnover or the assets of the combination, whichever is higher, for failure to give notice to the Commission of the combination	1%
164	The Commission, may, notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, by order in writing, direct division of an enterprise enjoying dominant position to ensure that such enterprise does not abuse its dominant position. The order may provide for the following matters, namely:	all the above

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SL NO	QUESTIONS	CORRECT ANSWER
165	If the Commission does not, on the expiry of a period of	210
	days from the date of notice given to the	
	Commission referred to in Section 29(2), pass an order or issue	
	direction in accordance with the provisions of sub-Section (1) or	
	(2) or (7), the combination shall be deemed to have been approved by the Commission	
166	Automatic route in FDI means.	Prior permission of neither RBI nor
		Central Govt.is required
167	For investment in market securities, FIIs are to be registered with:	SEBI
168	DPIIT comes under:	Industry and Commerce
169	Sale of shares from a resident to non resident is:	capital account transaction
170	FDI is prohibited in the which of the following sectors:	All of the above
171	Individuals can avail of foreign exchange facility for the following	all of the above
	purposes within the LRS limit on financial year basis for the	
	following:	
172	Eligible borrower can raise up to million US\$	750
	through ECB in automatic route	****
173	Total maximum remittance during a financial year under LRS scheme is:	US \$ 2,50,000
174	The following remittance is prohibited	All of the above
	Zenith Ltd. is accompany registered in UK, issues shares to citizen	none of the above
175	of UK. Under the Indian law, the shares are;	none of the above
176	FEMA foreign currency transaction.	restricts
177	NPA stands for:	Non Performance Asset
178	Banking Regulation Act was enacted in the year:	1949
179	Cash reserve ratio should bepercent of the total	
179	time and demand liabilities	7
180	SLR stands for:	Statutory Liquidity Reserve
181	Banking companies cannot pay dividend unless following are	all of the above
101	completely written off.	an or the above
182	Asset Reconstruction Companies are to be registered with:	RBI
183	The judicial authority under SARFESI is:	DRT
184	Amalgamation of banking companies require %	two third
	voting of shareholders;	
185	Every banking company shall maintain liquid assets not less than	25
	% of the total time and demand liabilities.	
186	Every Banking Company incorporated in India shall prepare a	Accounting Year
100	balance sheet and profit and loss account as on the last working day	9
	of the -	
187	According to Banking Regulation Act 1949, no Banking Company	"Capitalized expenses" have been
107	shall pay dividend on its shares until	completely written off
	all its -	1 ,
188	Minimum paid up capital for a life insurance business is Crore	100
189	Banking Regulation Act was enacted in the year:	1949
190	Officer appointed by Central Govt. is called:	Controller of Insurance
191	in case of insurance company % of assets have to	25
	be remained invested in Govt. securities	
192	Actuarial valuation on life insurance business has to be done once	1 years
100	in	2
193	Insurance policy made by an insurer shall not be questioned after	3 years
194	years. Insurance business is regulated by:	none of the above
-		1999
195	IRDA was established in the year:	
196	No insurer carrying on the business of life insurance and general insurance, shall be registered unless he has minimum paid up	100 crores
	capital of	
<u> </u>	Cupitui 01	



SL NO	QUESTIONS	CORRECT ANSWER
197	The Chairman of the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority shall hold office for a term of from the date on which he enters upon his office and should be eligible for reappointment	5 years
198	The amount credited to The Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority Fund shall consist of:	all of the above
199	IRDA shall, within after the close of each financial year, submit to the Central Government a report giving a true and full account of its activities including the activities for promotion and development of the insurance business during the previous financial year.	nine months
200	The principle of ensures that an insured does not profit by insuring with multiple insurers.	Indemnity
201	An actuary is expected to:	Make an exact forecast of the future liabilities of policies
202	The Insurance Laws (Amendment) Act, was passed in the year	2015
203	"life insurance business" means the business of effecting contracts of insurance upon human life, including any contract whereby the payment of money is assured on death (except death by accident only) or the happening of any contingency dependent on human life, and any contract which is subject to payment of premiums for a term dependent on human life and shall be deemed to include:	all the above
204	The amount of indemnity may be limited by certain conditions which may be:	Any or all of the above.
205	In the case of fire and motor accident insurance the insurable interest has to be present	both at the time of taking the policy and at the time of the accident
206	NSIC stands for:	National Small Industries Corporation.
207	IF a unit has investment in plant an equipment of Rs.55 crore and turnover of Rs.300 crore. It will be classified as:	none of the above
208	While calculating the value of assets for ascertaining the classification, the value of the following is excluded.	both of the (a) and (b)
209	While calculating the value of assets for ascertaining the classification, the value of the following is excluded.	exports
210	Certifying Authority get licence to operate from:	Controller of Certifying Authority
211	Which among the following is not an offence under IT Act.	Controller of Certifying Authority
212	Information Technology (Reasonable Security Practices And Procedures And Sensitive Personal Data Or Information) Rules, was notified in the year:	2011
213	OSBI stands for	Open source Business intelligence
214	The key benefits that businesses can get from BI applications include the ability to:	all of the above
215	Decision of Cyber appellate Tribunal can be appealed to;	High Court
216	Information Technology (Reasonable Security Practices And Procedures And Sensitive Personal Data Or Information) Rules, 2011.	only apply to bodies corporate and persons located in India.
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218	Which of the following is not an cyber Offence to Public	Data alteration
219	Access someone's computer without the right authorization of the owner and does not disturb, alter, misuse, or damage data or system by using wireless internet connection, is called:	Trespass
220	Every reporting entity shall maintain record of:	All of the above
221	FIU stands for:	Financial Intelligence unit
222	In part B of the schedule, offences involved a value of Rs is mentioned.	One crore
223	STR stands for:	Suspicious Transaction Reports



SL NO	QUESTIONS	CORRECT ANSWER
224	Reporting authority shall send the KYC data to Central Registry	10
	within days	
225	he Money Launderer introduces the illegal funds into the financial	Placement
	systems. This is called:	
226	The cases under PMLA can be tried n:	Special designated courts